PALMETTO STANDARD.

Devoted to General and Local Intelligence, and to the Political, Agricultural and Educational Interests of the State.

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM. Payable in Advance.

CHESTER, S. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1853. NUMBER 36.

among the noble offspring [illegible] Surely, we were not unprepared in looking for a feast of fat things, and preparing to go off into perfect raptures as soon as our greedy eyes fell upon the glowing page. Well, in the course of time, the great light made his appearance upon our Western shores, his book was very neatly got up by the aforesaid House in Boston, and it very soon fell into our clutches, which having carefully, and we believe candidly perused, we will now proceed to discuss, with your permission, Mr. Editor, and that of your readers.

Our opinion of the book can be summed up in a very few words; it is *the* humbug of the nineteenth century; a loose disconnected string of fanciful images and gorgeous similes so unnaturally and carelessly put together that the poem can scarcely support its own weight. Some of the images are new and startling, it is true; but there is a want of solid material, a lack of that perfect *masonry* and firm, compact building up which ever characterizes the true poet. Looking at the "Life Drama" as a whole, as a *poem*, it is the most unlifelike and undramatic thing conceivable. There is not a trace of that *love-taking* power which rears a fabric grand, imposing, beautiful, and withal, firm enough to resist the storms and tides of many years; without which any structure is unsightly, disproportioned and ready to fall to pieces tho' it may be that here and there among the ruins will long continue some highly finished, beautifully wrought fragment to tell that the chisel had once been there. The *true* Poet is an architect in the highest sense of that word. A grand *master-builder* whose work is not only beautifully finished in every beam, pillar and column, but taken as a whole—grasped by a single sweep of the eye—carries with it a grateful sense of *perfect completion* and harmonious adaptation of all the several parts, each to the other and all to the whole. No man whose only excellence consists in his graceful columns or airy balconies would be considered an architect; neither is he who can only spin a beautiful figure worthy of being called a Poet; and such I consider Alexander Smith—not quite such either, for his figures are not always truthful or consistent, much less beautiful and pleasing, as I hope to show in the sequel. The *plot* of the Life Drama (if indeed it has a plot) is a specimen of puny, mawkish sentimentality which any love-sick Sophomore might be ashamed to own. It is so completely nauseating that I will not offend the good taste of your readers by attempting to demit it; but if any one will take the trouble to follow the connecting thread upon which the rank, heavy, and not *always fragrant* flowers are hung, he will at once test the power and sound the depths of this author. Then after having carefully gone through the whole, if he will please to inform us what it is all about—what is the grand aim and object of the book—what is the *final cause* of the poem—I am sure our benighted eyes would be opened. And then the "characters," the *"Dramatis personæ"*—O! shade of Shakespeare! is there one character in them? Not a bit of it! No more lifelike than the misty dreams of "a bread-and-butter Miss" of fifteen. It is a slander upon our mother tongue to call the thing a "drama"; it is adding falsehood to slander to say that it is a "*Life-Drama*." This then is my principal objection to this much lauded production; it has neither beginning, middle nor end. It is without aim or object, having no purpose or plan.

And now, Mr. Editor, having taken a general view of the "Life Drama," let us descend to particulars and examine some of the boasted similies and figures; for if there be any merit in the work, it lies here. I hope I am not wearying the patience of yourself or your readers; if I thought so, I would lay down my pen *instanter*, and beg pardon for my presumption. But I am sure you would be interested in the book itself and would read a notice of it with pleasure; and as to your readers, I know some of them who would like to hear something of this wondrous genius. The Standard has many *lady* readers, and who ever saw a lady not fond of Poets and poetry? Why, they are the very embodiment of poetry itself—full of smiles and sighs, with loving eyes and hearts attuned to song. The Poet can always find some chord within a woman's heart which vibrates to his own melodies; the rippling current of her nature leaps gladly up at the strain of joyous emotion, or murmurs in sympathy with the pathetic tones of sorrow.—But I forget. I cannot take time to examine *all* the similes (of which every dozen lines contain one or more,) but can only glance at a few here and there; using all my endeavours to deal fairly and justly with our Poet.

I would begin these by saying that no one should use figures or comparisons drawn from the Bible without having them *true* to *themselves*, at least. This caution Smith has not observed. On the very first page, speaking of his all-absorbing passion for "Poesy" he says,

"As Moses' serpent the Egyptians swallowed,
"One passion eats the rest—"

If he had turned to Exodus VII, 12th, he would have seen that it was *Aaron's* rod that became a serpent and swallowed those of the Magicians. I am sorry Mr. Smith had not read his Bible to more purpose.—But let that pass. There is some truth—"more truth than poetry"—in the following:

"There is a deadlier pang than that which beats
With chilly death-drops the o'ertortured brow,
When one has a big heart and feeble hands—
A heart to hew his name out upon time
As on a rock, then in immortalness
To stand on Time as on a pedestal;
When hearts beat to this tune and hands are weak
We find our aspirations quenched in tears—
The tears of impotence and self-contempt!"—p7.

"*Standing on time as on a pedestal*" is very questionable; but where is the man of noble aspirations and high ambition who has not felt, in all its force, this sentiment—the humiliating conviction of inefficiency? But turn over to the next page and you will see the moon called

"The Planet that doth nightly *wash the Earth's Fair sides with Moonlight!*"——

"The moon *whitewashing* the Earth! That is a decided failure; it "smells" too much of the *brush* and not enough of "the lamp." Then see how Sophomoric is this:

"Love is a sea,
Filling all the abysses dim
Of lornest space, in whose deeps regally
Suns and their bright broods swim" p. 12.

But here is something better—startling, at least—

"Across his midnight sea of mind
A thought comes streaming like a blazing ship
Upon a mighty wind,
A Terror and a Glory! shacked with light
His boundless being glares aghast;
Then slowly settles down the wonted night,
All desolate and vast!"—

I would remark *en passant*, that the key-note of all our Author's singing is *Love*—the old, threadbare theme of "Love, love, love!" and he has made the wonderful discovery that Love is *not* "blind." Far from it! on the contrary, Cupid—the dainty, wily "Dan"—is metamorphosed into a *Moral Philosopher* and may now be called "The Elucidator of Mystery!"—Hear the oracular Bard—

"The seeming ills are Loves in dim disguise;
Dark moral knots that pose the seer,
If we are loners, in our wider eye
Shall hang like dew-drops *clear!*"—p. 14.

But a few lines farther on, he rather inconsistently merges love into *lunacy*, thus:

"Soul is a *Moon* and *Love* its loveliest phase."

But sometimes ("semi-occasionally") he gives us something very good. I transcribe the best I have been able to find.

"Soul, alas! is unregarded; Brothers! it is closely shut;
All unknown as royal Alfred in the Saxon neatherd's hut,
In the Dark house of the body, cooking victuals, lighting fires
Swelters in the starry Stranger to our nature's base desires.
From its lips is't any marvel that no revelations come?
We have wronged it; we do wrong it—'tis majestically dumb!
God! our souls are aproned waiters! God! our souls are hired slaves:
Let us hide from life, my Brothers! let us hide us in our graves!"—p. 30.

This is indeed very fine, as any one will readily admit, and also the following:

"A single soul is richer than all worlds;
Its acts are only shadows of itself,
And oft its wondrous wealth is all unknown;
*'Tis like a mountain range whose rugged sides
Feed standing flocks of sheep; pierce the bare sides
And they ooze plenteous gold.* We must go down
And work our souls like mines, make books our lamps,
Not shrines to worship at." p. 88.

Again:

"Speak no harsh words of Earth; she is our Mother,
And few of us, her sons, who have not added
A wrinkle to her brow." p. 86.

Speaking of a Poet, he says:

——it was his nature
To blossom into song as 'tis a tree's
To leaf itself in April"—

And he loves to

"Watch the lightnings dart like swallows
Round the brooding thunder eaves."

And yet, again: A sorrow-stricken Lady requests "Walter" (the hero of the Life Drama) to "trim a verse" for her and tells him to

"Make it as jubilant as marriage bells;
Or, if it please you, make it doleful sad,
As bells that knoll a maiden to her grave,
And it will find one heart, yea, *as the cry
Of the lone plover fits a dismal heath.*"

This is a happy hit—nothing could be more grateful and pleasing to that innate sense of the fitness of things which is part and parcel of our nature.

These extracts, with his description of "one who might have been an Abbot in the old time," (p. 93,) and one or two other isolated passages, show the Poet in his best attire. The attempts in which he fails are almost as numerous as the pages of his book. I can only instance a few. I think any one who has ever had the misfortune to swallow a pretty good dose of *Tartar emetic* or *Nux vomica*, will have his very agreeable sensations at that time repeated by reading the following:

"Thy faintest smile outprices the *swelled wombs*
Of fleets, *rich glutted*, toiling wearily,
To vomit " (ugh!) "all their wealth on English strands!"

There, don't you feel like "heaving the gorge?" I will not analyze the passage, for it is sufficiently offensive as it is. Again,

——"I wreak myself in verse
Which but relieves me *as a six-inch pipe
Relieves the dropsied sea!*"

And then how *outre* this is:

"Like a *pale* Martyr *in his shirt of fire*."

Not unfrequently, "The Young Shakespeare" gets an alarming fall. It really seems as if the outraged Pegasus, goaded to desperation, is determined no longer to submit to such abuse, and summons all his power to unseat the reckless rider, e. g.

"My heart is in the grave with her;
The family went abroad!"

Musical line, that last one, very! and so full of "poesy"! But listen to this, and tell me if Alexander Smith is so very abundant in "Shakesperian felicities" as the *Westminster* would have us believe:

——"'Tis the soul has wrought
And laid the iron roads—evoked a power
Next mightiest to God to drive the trains
That bring the country butter up to town!"

A complete *reductio ad ridiculum*. It reminds one of flowing pails of milk, and huge slices of bread and butter—not very nutritious food for sentiment!

But I forbear. It would be wearisome to all parties concerned, to dwell longer upon this subject. I have thrown out these remarks rapidly and without much system, hoping that they may not be altogether useless or uninteresting. That Alexander Smith has some excellencies, may be granted; but that he is entitled to the consideration given him by the English Press, is manifestly preposterous; and that he should be *mentioned in the same sentence with Shakespeare*, is a slur upon the nineteenth century. There is something in him which might be turned to some good account; but there is moreover, a vast amount of verbiage to be pruned away. The hot-bed of his imagination requires a reduction of temperature and careful cultivation. Meanwhile, the complete absence of the constructive power of the genuine Poet will not allow him "to hew his name out upon Time,"—nor need he ever hope to fulfill his threat to the world where he says:

"I'll rest myself O! World, awhile on thee,
And half in earnest, half in jest, I'll cut
My name upon thee, pass the arch of Death,
Then on *a stair of stars go up to God!*" p. 142.

I hope, Mr. Editor, I have not transgressed the rules of propriety in taking up so much of your valuable space, nor tired the patience of your readers by my extended notice of this new book. If I have, I can only say it has been caused by my zeal for the honor of the Muses, and promise that the offence shall not be repeated. I therefore conclude my communication, hoping that you will not finish it as I began it—"with a yawn of weariness and a sigh of disappointment!"

Very truly, yours,

P.——

Georgia, Aug. 25, 1853.

Select Miscellany.

THE WIDOW AND HER SON.

BY WASHINGTON IRVING.

I approached the grave. The coffin was placed on the ground. On it were inscribed the name and age of the deceased. "Geo. Somers, aged 26 years." The poor mother had been assisted to kneel down at the head of it. Her withered hands were clasped, as if in prayer; but I could perceive, by a feeble rocking of her body, and convulsive motion of her lips, that she was gazing on the last relics of her son, with the yearning love of a mother's heart.

Preparations were now made to deposit the coffin in the earth. There was that bustling stir, which breaks so harshly on the feelings of grief and affliction; directions were given in the cold tones of business; and there was a striking of spades into the gravel, which, at the grave of those we love, is of all sounds the most writhing. The bustle seemed to awaken the mother from a wretched reverie. She raised her glazed eyes, and looked about with a faint wildness.

As the men approached with cords to lower the coffin into the grave, she wrung her hands, and broke into an agony of grief. The poor woman who attended her, took her by the arm and endeavored to raise her from the earth, and to whisper something like consolation. "Nay, now—nay—now—don't take it so sorely to heart." But the mother could only shake her head, and wring her hands, as one not to be comforted.

As they lowered the body into the earth, the creaking of the cords seemed to agonise her; but when on some accidental obstruction, there was a jostling of the coffin, all the tenderness of the mother burst forth; as if any harm could come to him that was far beyond the reach of worldly suffering.

I could see no more—my heart swelled into my throat—my eyes filled with tears—I felt as if I were acting a barbarous part in standing by and gazing idly on this scene of maternal anguish. I wandered to another part of the church-yard where I remained until the funeral had dispersed.

It was some time before I left the place. On my way home, I met with the woman who had acted as comforter; she was just returning from accompanying the mother to her lonely habitation, and I drew from her some particulars connected with the affecting scene I had witnessed.

The parents of the deceased had resided in the village from childhood. They had inhabited one of the neatest cottages, and by various rural occupations and the assistance of a small garden, had supported themselves creditably and comfortably, and led a happy and blameless life. They had one son, who had grown up to be the pride of their age.

But unfortunately, this son was tempted, during a year of scarcity and agricultural hardship, to enter the service of one of the small crafts that plied on the neighboring river. He had not been long in this employ, when he was entrapped by a press gang, and carried off to sea. His parents received tidings of his seizure, but beyond that they could learn nothing. It was the loss of their main prop. The father who was already infirm, grew heartless and melancholy, and sunk into his grave. The widow left lonely in her age and feebleness, could no longer support herself, and came upon the parish.

Time passed, till one day she heard the cottage door, which faced the garden, suddenly open. A stranger came in; and seemed to be looking eagerly and wildly around. He was dressed in seaman's clothes, was emaciated and ghastly pale, and bore the air of one broken by sickness and hardships. He saw his mother and hastened toward her, but his steps were faltering; he sank on his knees before her, and sobbed like a child. The poor woman gazed upon him with a vacant and wandering eye.

"Oh, my dear, dear mother! don't you know your son? your poor boy, George?"

It was, indeed, the wreck of her once noble lad; who, shattered by wounds, by sickness, and foreign imprisonment, had, at length dragged his wasted limbs homeward, to repose among the scenes of his childhood. The rest of his story is soon told—for the young man lingered but a few weeks, and death came to his relief.

The next Sunday after the funeral I have described, I was at the village church, when to my surprise I saw the poor old woman tottering down the aisle to her accustomed seat on the steps of the altar. She had made an effort to put on something like mourning for her son; and nothing could be more touching than this struggle between pious affection and utter poverty; a black ribband or so—a faded black handkerchief, and one or two such humble attempts to express by outward signs the grief which passes show.

When I looked around upon the storied monuments, the stately hatchments, the cold marble pomp, with which grandeur mourns magnificently over departed pride, and turned to this poor widow bowed by age and sorrow, at the altar of her God, and offering up the prayers and praises of a pious though broken heart, I felt that this living monument of real grief was worth them all.

I related the story to some of the wealthy members of the congregation, and they were moved by it. They exerted themselves to render her situation more comfortable, and to lighten her affections. It was, however, but smoothing a few steps to the grave. In the course of a Sunday or two after, she was missed from her usual seat at church, and before I left the neighborhood, I heard with satisfaction, that she had quietly breathed her last, and had gone to rejoin those she loved, in that world where sorrow is never known and friends are never parted.

WAIT TILL YOU FIND A BETTER.

There are many persons who, observing how fast their neighbors make fortunes, grow discontented with their own more slender profits. Such individuals often change their business in consequence, sanguine that a new one will prove more lucrative. Generally they are disappointed. They do not understand, in truth, the new pursuit as well as the old. Moreover, they find that what looked so promising at a distance shows many a drawback on a nearer inspection. The wisest plan is to stick to the business one understands, or at least to be certain that the change will be profitable. In other words, *wait till you find a better.*

The same advice will apply to those that think by moving to some other locality they may have more success. To go to the West, or even to California, may be an excellent thing for many persons. But the emigrants must be those who are suited for new countries, or privation will bring on disease, if not premature death. The life of a farmer on a prairie, with no notes to pay, and abundance of all around, or that of a miner, digging up solid lumps of ore, without toil and anxiety, appears delightful when painted in words.—But the reality is usually a very different affair. Don't be in a hurry, therefore, to leave your business here, small as it may be. At least be sure what you are doing before you make a change.—In fine, keep to your present pursuit *till you find a better.*

Govern your intimacies by the same rule. Old friends are generally the best. True, they may press at times on your patience, either by pushing their claims too far, by interfering in your affairs, or by taking undue liberties, as old friends, even the best, occasionally will. But the chances are, if you make a change, that you will not improve matters. The ancient ties, like venerable roots, cling closer than new ones, and may be relied on in tempests, that would tear up their younger rivals. If you are wise, you will never throw off a friend unless for the grossest misconduct. Reflect how imperfect, at best, is human nature and wait *till you find a better.*

In social science also the rule will apply. Every new scheme is not necessarily a reform. Nor is it always possible, even where an evil is admitted, to find an immediate remedy. Visionary theorists there are, indeed, who will tell you that they have a panacea for every ill of society. But examine for yourself before you act, and examine thoroughly, not superficially. It is easier to injure than to repair, to tear down than to build up. Progress is the best of all things. But real progress is one thing, stimulated progress quite another. If, therefore, you are asked to assist in repealing any law, even one partially objectionable, consider well whether, on the whole, society will be improved. If this is doubtful, be not hasty, but leave the law alone—*wait till you find a better.*

As there are always men ready to tell you that society is out of joint, and that they only possess the secret of its cure, so there are others who insist that the faith of your fathers is absurd, if not, all religion a delusion. It is the cant of the day, among certain shallow thinkers, to say that a man of sense will believe nothing he cannot understand. Yet most men, and invariably those of the greatest intellect, believe in eternity, though no human mind can really comprehend what has neither beginning nor end. But you need not argument for clinging to your faith. You have never lost a parent, a child, or a wife, if you have not found that, in the hour of sorrow, religion is the only consolation. All other props give way; that alone sustains you. Mere philosophy can do nothing for you when death enters your dwelling. Hold fast, hold fast to your religion, at least *till you find a better.*

In the thousand exigencies of life—in your relations to your family, to society, to those you do business with, in everything you do, never abandon the old familiar way, until you have thoroughly explored the new one, and know it to be superior. We do not recommend a blind, stationary, stubborn, old-world inactivity. But neither would we have you rush into error on the opposite side. In a word, never abandon your present course in a hurry, but observe the golden rule of waiting *till you find a better.*

TRULY ELOQUENT.

We know not where or when we have met with anything in prose more striking than the burst of eloquence we are about to copy. One Paul Denton, of Texas, a Methodist preacher, it appears had advertised a barbacue with better liquors than are generally furnished. When the people were assembled a desperado in the crowd cried out: "Mr. Paul Denton, your reverence has lied. You promised not only a good barbacue, but better liquor. What's the liquor?"

"THERE!" answered the missionary, in a tone of thunder, and pointing his motionless finger to the matchless double springs, gushing up in two strong columns with a sound like a shout of joy from the bosom of the earth. "There!" he repeated, with a look terrible as lightning, while his enemy actually trembled at his feet; "there is the liquor which God, the Eternal, brews for all his children. Not in the simmering still, over smoky fires, choked with the poisonous gases surrounded with the stench of sickening odors and corruptions, doth your Father in Heaven prepare the precious essence of life—the pure cold water, but in the green glades, a grassy dell, where the red deer wanders, and the child loves to play, there God brews it; and down in the deepest valleys where the fountain murmurs and the rills sing, and high upon the mountain tops, where the naked granite glitters like gold in the sun, where the storm cloud broods and the thunder storms crash, and away far out on the wild wide sea, where the hurricane howls music, and the big wave rolls, the chorus, sweeping the march of God—there he brews it, that beverage of life, health giving water. And every where it is a thing of life and beauty, gleaming in the dew drop, singing in the summer rain; shining in the ice gem till the trees all seem turned to living jewels spreading a golden veil over the setting sun or white gauze around the moon; sporting in the cataract; dancing in the hail shower; sleeping in the glacier, folding its bright snow curtains softly about the wintry world, and waving the many colored sky, that ayren, whose warp is the rain drop of the earth, whose woof is the sunbeam of heaven, all checked over with celestial flowers by the mystic hand of refraction. Still away it is beautiful—that blessed life water! no poison bubbles on its brink, its foam brings no madness and murder; no blood stains its liquid glass; pale widows and orphans weep not burning tears in its depths, no drunkard's shrinking ghost from the grave curses it in words of eternal despair! Speak out my friends, would you exchange it for the demon's drink Alcohol?" A shout like the roar of a tempest answered, "NO!"

It is better to sow a young heart with generous thoughts and deeds than a field with corn, since the heart's harvest is perpetual.

GOOD MANNERS.

The good sound sense of the subjoined extract should recommend it to the attention of all those who are in any way entrusted with the care of youth:

"It is a matter of sound policy to cultivate the manners of our children. For gentle manners, and a kind and obliging address will do more to gather around us firm and enduring friends, than strength of mind and superiority of attainments. The manners to which we refer are the fruit of the cultivation of the mind and heart; the outpourings of benevolence, sincerity and inward purity. In all the departments and professions of life, we prefer, other things being equal, to avail ourselves of the services of persons of agreeable and obliging manners. They are coin of intrinsic value, and everywhere current. We may be allowed by glance at some of the features of good manners, such as we desire to have taught and practised in our schools, and such as all persons in well ordered society are bound to observe. The conventional rules of society are not arbitrary enactments, which any who choose have a right to set at defiance. They are essential to the maintenance and enjoyment of social intercourse, and the furtherance of its highest ends. Every person who enjoys the privileges and benefits of society is morally bound to observe its wholesome rules. Ill breeding is a sin against good morals, as well as a breach of social laws. No person has any right to set the clown in well ordered society, so to be unkind and offensive, setting at defiance the laws made for its convenience and comfort, by common consent. The leading feature of good manners is a scrupulous observance of all the rules that regulate social intercourse. Let the pupils of our schools be required to observe them in their intercourse with each other and their teachers, and upon all other occasions. Many of these rules, abstractly considered, are little things, and yet in their influence upon the convenience and pleasure of social intercourse, they are great things. A particle of dust is a small thing, yet in the eye, which it irritates, it becomes great in its influence. So an infringement of the rules of good breeding may be of itself of small moment, but it often becomes important in the friction and irritation which it produces in social intercourse."

A THOUGHTFUL BUT CAUSE FOR REFLECTION.—It is an old maxim, that the health of the body is affected by the state of the mind. When a body is dejected in a morbidity of cases no medicine is so efficacious as cheerfulness. Mrs. M. is in perfect health. Her countenance indicates it. She attends to her domestic duties, visits her friends and attends to her accustomed shopping, but whenever and wherever she meets her friends and acquaintances she is greeted thus:

"Why, Mrs. M., how dreadfully you do look! You are very thin and pale! You must be very ill, for you have changed sadly during the last few weeks!" &c. &c.

The consequence is Mrs. M. returns home depressed in spirits, and says to her husband, "I must look very ill indeed, for I was terribly upset by an acquaintance, from whom, who does not tell me so. Thus are the efforts of husband and children to keep the heart of a wife and mother cheerful, completely frustrated. Such is the effect of these inconsiderate remarks upon Mrs. M. that it is seriously feared they will hasten a fond wife and mother into the grave.

Should this meet the eye of any one who is accustomed thus to address the feeble, let him think of the effect upon his own mind, if constantly addressed in this way. If you have suspicions of ill health in the friend you meet, why tell him of it?

POPULATION OF THE GLOBE.—Under this head the Merchant's Magazine has some very curious and interesting calculations.

It estimates the average of births per second, for the last eighteen hundred and fifty-three years, at about 315. This would make the whole number of human beings who have lived since the birth of Christ, about thirty-two thousand millions.

Deducting from this number the five hundred and sixty millions, who form the present population of the globe, and it leaves the number thirty-one thousand and forty millions that have gone to the grave.

Of this number the estimate is that nine thousand millions have died by wars.

Eight thousand millions by famine and pestilence.

Five hundred millions by murder.

Five hundred and eighty millions by intoxicating drinks.

Thirteen thousand millions naturally or otherwise.

By this estimate it will be seen that war and strong drink have sent one-third of the human race to a premature grave.

Keep doing, always doing. Waiting, dreaming, intending, planning, talking, sighing, and repining, all are idle and profitless employments.

An honest virtuous man lives not to the world, but to his own conscience. He, as the planets above, steers a course contrary to that of the world.

THE PALMETTO STANDARD.

PUBLISHED BY
WM. W. MELTON.....C. DAVIS MELTON

CHESTER, S. C.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1853.

Rain.

On last Friday night and Saturday, frequent and very heavy rains fell in many parts of the District, and serious fears were entertained of another freshet like that which did such serious damage to the growing crops, about the same period last year. We understand that one or two mill-dams on Rocky Creek have been swept away, and the bottom lands to a considerable extent injured. With this exception, however, no very serious injury has resulted.

The Columbia *Carolinian* says.

"Alarm has been felt lest the late heavy rains since Friday night cause a freshet in the river. We are happy to say that, although the river rose some nine feet yesterday, it is falling to-day. No damage has as far occurred to our swamp plantations."

Odd Fellows Celebration.

The 10th Anniversary of LaFayette Lodge, No. 8, was celebrated in this place on yesterday with very great spirit. A very large number were present from Trinity Lodge, (Yorkville) and from other neighboring lodges. The procession presented quite an imposing array—was well calculated to impress itself on those who are yet among the uninitiated.

The address of Dr. Babcock was chastely and elegantly written, and the earnest attention with which it was received evinced its very high appreciation by the audience.

The dinner at the Howard Inn House, at which we were kindly invited to be present, was furnished in excellent style, and the repast which followed—like "food of reason and flow of soul"—was one to be remembered for its genial humor and sparkling wit.

We regret that our notice is thus unavoidably brief, as it would be a pleasure to us to report the proceedings more in detail. We may recur to it next week.

Building and Loan Association.

By reference to the notice in our advertising columns, it will be seen that a movement is in contemplation having for its object the organization of a Building and Loan Association in Chester. It is entirely unnecessary for us to enter in detail into an explanation of the *modus operandi* of such institutions—this will be better done hereafter by those who are more fully initiated into the mysteries. We have been reliably informed, however, that Associations of this character, which are now in successful operation elsewhere, have declared large dividends annually; and we have not the slightest doubt that such an institution in Chester would, under a skilful management, afford the same rare opportunity for the profitable investment of money.

But besides this, there are many collateral benefits which must accrue from such an organization. By means of it the main advantages of a Savings Bank would be secured to the industrious laborer, the farmer and the mechanic, in which to garner up the tithe of his daily labor and accumulate a treasure against the hour of misfortune. Or, if it be preferred, every industrious and economical member can, in the course of a few years, without being deprived of any of his accustomed conveniences, free himself from the expenses and innumerable vexations attendant upon the life of a tenant, and withal provide a snug and comfortable home for his family. We know that in making such statements we are liable to be charged with "romancing," and indeed it does smack of it a little; but if we properly understand the operations of such institutions, these results surely follow their skilful and energetic management.

We might enlarge to a much greater extent on the beneficial influence which a Building and Loan Association would exert, as well in favor of the poorer classes, as of those who are largely interested in the general prosperity of our town; but sufficient has already been said to draw the attention of our citizens to the subject, and induce the necessary inquiry into the merits of the enterprise. We have been requested to state that a meeting will be held in the Court House, of which further notice will be given, when full explanations will be made and the books opened for the subscription of stock.

The South Carolinian.

The first number of the fifth volume of this excellent Daily comes to us considerably enlarged and otherwise improved. We have frequently expressed our opinion in the highest terms as to the signal ability displayed by its conductors, both in the editorial and mechanical departments, which it would be useless to reiterate. We are glad to perceive this additional indication of the success which has attended the efforts of the enterprising Proprietor, and sincerely trust that they will continue to meet with a commensurate reward.

Alexander Smith.

We recommend to the perusal of our readers the interesting and decidedly piquant criticism, which appears this week, on the "Life-drama" of the new-born Poet, who by a single stroke of the pen has written his name indelibly among "the few, immortal," and now, seen through the medium of prejudice, holds an enviable place among the stars of the first magnitude. We have not yet perused this unique production, and of course cannot speak advisedly as to its merits. We are inclined to think, nevertheless, that our kind friend, the critic, is over-severe in the merciless castigations he inflicts, and that the youthful candidate for Fame deserves a higher niche in the Temple than the one he has carved out and would have him to occupy. We know that there is much to condemn in the "Life-drama," a reckless waste of metaphor, a wild extravagance in thought, and very many trifling and unpardonable eccentricities in style; but the extracts which are here given, as well as those which we have read in the *Westminster*, would still lead us to believe that there are "Orient pearls at random strung" throughout the book, instinct with true poetic beauty, which redeem a thousand faults, while they re-echo the loud acclaim which has been already sounded in its praise. But we are travelling in the dark, and must halt for fear of an accident—begging the pardon of our correspondent for venturing at such a hazard.

We would by no means chide our readers, if they should by this time entertain some curiosity as to what kind of an animal the said Alexander really is. The following rich description taken from the correspondence of the Boston Evening Transcript, bears quite pointedly upon the subject, and will doubtless be entirely satisfactory. Our private opinion is that Smith then and there made a fool of himself. However, the stride from the sublime to the ridiculous is amazing short:

"A few evenings since I was invited to a friend's house where a company of literati were to assemble, for the purpose of meeting the youngest and most enchanting of the British bards. About nine o'clock the crowd of ladies and gentlemen thickened toward the door, and expectation stood on tiptoe. Few present had ever looked upon the youth who had taken captive so many hearts and heads among the admirers of song. "Genius is always eccentric," said a tall, thin, wiry, straight-haired curate, "and Smith will startle us I *dessay* with his manner." "He will soon be here," replied the lady of the house, "and we shall see." Ten o'clock, and the white headed servant bowed and called out distinctly at the drawing-room door, "*Mr. Smith!*" Every voice was hushed as the footsteps in the entry grew louder and approached the entrance avenue. I must acknowledge to considerable curiosity on my part as Mr. Smith came forward and extended his hand to Madame ——. I observed a slight tremulousness on the part of our hostess, usually so calm and collected. She too felt the magic presence of genius, and instinctively turned pale and faltered somewhat in her manner. I have seen her bow to a Duke, and extend a finger to a Duchess, without the quiver of a muscle. I have seen her recognised by and return the salutation of half a dozen Earls and their Countesses at a sitting, with scarce a change of color, but now her trial hour had come indeed. Like a true London-bred hostess, however, she soon resumed her wonted coolness, and Mr. Smith was out on the floor for examination. A pallid face, set on a back ground of raven hair, eyes now bright, now languid, of ebon blackness, lips apart and eager; a form frail as the bush that bears the pendant fig; and Alexander Smith is before us. He looked hungry, and immediately called for a sandwich and something liquid to moisten its journey down his waiting throat. I have seen pantaloons in all their various stages of patched decay, but never such a pair as encased that night the lengthy lower members of Alexander Smith. They had seen better days. The same may be said of his coat and the sum total of his apparel. But if his garments were bad, his manners were brilliant. He neither looked nor acted like an ordinary man. His whole bearing was magnificent, and every eye followed him with admiration. One of his first requests was to have the windows thrown open wider, that he might gaze upon and hold a conversation with the stars. He spoke to no one, declining all solicitations of introductions. His breast pin, a large cameo representation of Marc Antony, lay like an Emperor upon a very dingy shirt bosom. This he frequently clutched with a convulsive energy. I wished very much to hear the sound of his voice, and once only during the evening I was gratified. As the servant handed him the tray of ices, he seized one with both hands, swallowed it without a struggle, threw the glass out of the window, and sighed in a tone like the western wind——

O let me live
To love and flash, and thrill—
Or let me die!

Two waiters immediately rushedly forward and bore him to a divan, round which thirty-seven white-armed damsels immediately hovered breathless. At half past eleven they laid him in a cab, and I saw him no more.

Foreign Intelligence.

The American Steamship, *Atlantic*, arrived at New York, on Saturday last, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 24th ult.

The Liverpool Cotton Market presented no new features since the departure of the *Europa*; prices remaining the same and in favor of buyers.

The Eastern question remained still in the same position.

Parliament was prorogued on the 20th inst. The Queen congratulated the country upon the continuance of peace with foreign powers and a favorable state of the revenue.

The advices by the *Europa* are, that notwithstanding the negotiations for peace, the war department at St. Petersburg was as active as ever. The Czar's acceptance of the Vienna proposition will not be unconditional. He will not, it is said, consent to evacuate the Principalities until the Porte has signed an agreemennt tantamount to a concession of all points in dispute. Advices from Constantinople, to the 5th ult., say that the Persian Ambassador had given the Sultan full assurances of assistance, if wanted, measures having been taken by the Shah to raise an army of 60,000 men, to be placed at the disposal of the Sultan.

The Turkish government has ordered the Greek bishops to return to their bishoprics immediately, it having been ascertained that Russian agents were fomenting disorders in various parts of the country. When the news reached Servia of the threatened occupation of that territory by the Austrian troops, the Prince of Servia replied he would resist such occupation by force. The whole province was arming; 30,000 militia had already been collected. The latest Constantinople despatches say that the people continued favorable to resistance.

The Anderson *Advocate* learns that a quantity of frost was observed six miles above Anderson, on the morning of the 30th ult.

Editorial Printings.

THE BANK OF NEWBERRY.

We learn from the *Sentinel* that at a Meeting of the Directors of this Bank, on the 24th ult., Thomas W. Holloway was elected Cashier and Joseph R. Miller, Esq., Book-keeper.

IMPORTANT CORRECTION.

From the fact that our Beat is A, Nos. 1, as every other respect, we rashly came to the conclusion last week that it was the real simon-pure Beat No. 1. We gladly give place to the proper correction, and state that in the Archives of the Commonwealth it is recorded as Beat No. 2, Eastern Batallion—commonly called the *Dry Fork* Beat. "To err is human."

THE RIGHT WAY.

It is of the last importance that marrying and giving in marriage should be done rightly. Our lady friends who entertain the idea of taking unto themselves "a local habitation and a name," (and who don't?) will therefore be much pleased to learn from the best authority the proper and orthodox manner of doing somethings connected therewith. The *Home Journal* says: "Ladies frequently sign their names in the following order, their christian name, maiden surname, husband's surname; as, for example, Miss Mary Bertrand, on becoming Mrs. John Smith, appends to her letters, Mary Bertrand Smith. But she is addressed, we may almost say invariably, as Mrs. John Smith; and the custom is sanctioned by convenience; as by it she is more readily distinguished from the wife of James Smith, than she would be as if addressed as Mrs. Mary Smith.

THE METHODIST FEMALE COLLEGE.

The *Camden Journal* gives notice, by request, to the Spartanburg people, that the action of the Committee in locating the Female College at that place, will be resisted at the next Conference in Newberry. Many objections will be urged; the most obvious of which are that it is not "a central place," and that its close proximity to the Wofford College would be calculated to retard is success. The *Journal* thinks that the dissatisfaction is general, not only with the laity but also with the clergy, a large number of whom are known to be opposed to the decision of the Committee. There is certainly a very fine prospect of a general *rumpus* on the subject at the next Conference. It's none of our business, but we willhazard the opinion, at any rate, that despite these disadvantages Spartanburg is a more desirable location than any other to be found in the State.

SLAVERY AND THE N. S. PRESBYTERIANS.

An article recently published in the *Tenth Legion* of Virginia, says, that in consequence of the agitation on the subject of slavery, in the last general Assembly of the New School Presbyterian Church, which met at Buffalo, a number of ministers of that persuasion, in the Synod of Virginia, have signed the following resolutions, and proposed them to the other Southern Synods for adoption:

Resolved, 1. That the Presbyteries in the slaveholding States decline making any response to the inquiries proposed by the late general Assembly.

Resolved, 2. That said Presbyteries be fully represented in the next Assembly.

Resolved, 3. That said Presbyteries instruct their delegates to the next Assembly, in the event of the subject of slavery being introduced, to propose resolutions expressing in the strongest the opinion of the Assembly, that all further agitation of the subject in that body is most unwise and improper, and should not be permitted. And should the Assembly refuse to sanction such resolutions, that the Delegates from said Presbyteries be instructed immediately to withdraw and unite with those from other portions of the church opposed to the further agitation of this subject in the Assembly, either in a new organization, or in such other measures as in their judgment will be most expedient.

RATTLESNAKES AND SO FORTH.

The *Edgefield Advertiser* learns that in lieu of Glenn Springs, another watering place is about to be established at the West Springs, some six miles distant, by a company who have already purchased the land for that purpose. It is intended to put up a large hotel by the next season. The water is said to be very like that of the Glenn Springs.

The same paper also informs us, by way of insinuation, that for the last six months Mr. Dorn's Gold mine has yielded, with the labor of eight hands, one thousand dollars *per diem*, and that arrangements will be completed shortly to draw out of this wonderful vein twenty thousand dollars a day! The editor told this tale recently to a company of gentlemen at the North, and immediately the crowd sloped and left him *solus*. Good! It afforded us consolation to know that other folks as well as ourselves are bound to learn by sad experience the great truth that, *some things won't do to tell*. Good Friend Simkins records the dimensions of a huge rattlesnake captured by Mr. John Stedman, in Edgefield District, which flings Mr. Jone's specimen entirely in the shade. His snakeship measured four feet and ten inches in length, had eleven rattles and exhibited teeth one inch long. We subside.

But speaking of snakes makes a body think of snake-bites, and this "reminds us of a circumstance" told to us a day or to ago, which is rather too good to be lost. Some years ago a very respectable old root-doctor somewhere out in Chambers County, Alabama, harangueing the sovereignty and endeavoring to sap the foundations, uproot and otherwise *eradicate* the good old system of father Æsculapius, began in this wise: "All diseases, my hearers, are divided into three heads, that is to say, *snake bites, witchcraft, commonly called conjuration*, and *pizen*—also, now and then, a case of internal fever!" It is well known in those diggins that 'old root' gained a complete victory, for since then a "regular-bred" hasn't been able to pick up his salt.

PROSPECTS OF COLUMBIA.

We are pleased to learn from the *Carolinian*, that the Jeremiads which have so often been uttered against the prosperity of our Capitol, are entirely groundless, and that during the commercial year just ended all branches of business have been active and prosperous, and the improvements greater in the same space of time than at any former period. The transactions in cotton have nearly averaged those of the two previous years, and but for the accidents which stopped communication on the Greenville road and occasioned a falling off in receipts of from 5,000 to 10,000 bales, would have fully equalled, if not exceeded them. The total sales of cotton since the first September, 1852, to the 1st inst., were 99,551 bales against 94,108 for the year ending 31st August, 1851.

TO REMOVE A RING.

Dr. Castle communicates the following ingenious method of removing a ring from the finger, after the finger becomes too much swollen for it to be removed in the usual way. He procured some prepared chalk and with a narrow piece of soft linen he succeeded in polishing the ring, by drawing it gently round the ring between the swollen parts. He then applied quicksilver to the whole surface of the ring. In less than three minutes the ring was broken (by pressing it together) in four pieces. The quicksilver at once permeates the metals, clean, (with the exception of iron, steel, platina and one or two others,) and amalgamates with them. It immediately crystalizes and renders the metal as hard and as brittle as glass. Hence the ease with which metals amalgamated with quicksilver can be broken.

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY.

The September number of this truly American monthly is on our table, and contains 110 pages of matter entirely original;—several of the articles decidedly piquant and racy. The circulation has already reached thirty-five thousand copies. Contents as follows: New York Church Architecture, illustrated; Witchcraft; Salt Lake and the New Saratoga; The Tree of Life; The Lovers; The Pacific Railroad; The Day Owls of North America: Wensley; Our New President; Reminiscences of an Ex-Jesuit; The Medical Profession; The Doom of Would-be Poets; The American Association for the advancement of Science; London Knockings; From the Summer Diary of Minerva Tattle; Critical Notes. Price $3.—G. P. Putnam & Co., New York.

FAMINE IN EUROPE.

From the partial failure of the crops in the Western and Southern portions of Europe, must result much suffering among the poorer classes of the people. A Paris correspondent says that bread is as dear now as at any period for thirty years, except during the winter of 1847-8; and that Napoleon has reduced the import duty on breadstuffs, while many of the States of Italy have entirely prohibited exportation. An actual famine is without doubt impending, and the governments are beginning to inquire anxiously after means to alleviate the dreadful suffering which must follow in its train. The supply must come to a great degree from the United States, and the writer thinks that our grain dealers will realize enormous profits during the coming season.

A pamphlet has been published in France, evincing great research and knowledge of statistics, in which the author endeavors to show that in France, periods of plenty and scarcity succeed each other, every five or six years. He begins with the year 1816, and proves by actual statistics that each alternate period of five years since that time has been one of great scarcity in which the excess of importations over exportations was very large—and *vice versa*. The seventh period, one of abundance, ended with the year 1852; from which it would appear that there is to be a scarcity in France during the next period from 1853 to 1858.

THE ASHEVILLE CONVENTION.

This mammoth Railroad Convention, composed of delegates from the two Carolinas, Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia, met last week, and was organized by the election of Gen. Waddy Thompson, President. A committee of four from each State, appointed to prepare business, reported resolutions through their chairman, Maj. B. F. Perry, setting forth the great importance and desirableness of a road from Cincinnati to Charleston, running through the valley of the French Broad, and connecting with some road in this State. Committees of four from each State were appointed to solicit charters from their respective Legislatures. The location of the road was determined on as far as Butts Mountain, in Henderson county,—the gap through which it must pass to be determined by surveys. The geographical position of Spartanburg and its otherwise superior location furnish weighty reasons for supposing that the road if built will connect with the Union and Spartanburg Railroad at that place. The meetings of the Convention were much more harmonious than could have been expected, and the members seem to have been inspired with a will which promises good results. A road of this character is certainly in our day a great desideratum. Its completion would be a grand epoch in our progress—the beginning of a prosperity which would eventually pour a tide of wealth into our State, and make our metropolis the Commercial Emporium of the South. Success to the enterprise.

THE SOUTHERN ECLECTIC.

We have received the July, August and September numbers of the Southern Eclectic, published at Augusta, Ga., by Messrs. FITTEN and WHITAKER, and take pleasure in recording the fact that we are all on the best possible terms. We have not had sufficient leisure as yet for the full discussion of the merits of the number for the present month, but we intend to dive right into it with a will, shortly; and expect, from the inviting prospect presented by the following table of contents, to come up again with "a pocket full of rocks":

1. Modern British Orators, No. 1; Edmund Burke, by George Gillman. 2. American Literary Celebrities, condensed from the *Revue des deux Mondes*. 3. Memoranda by a Marine Officer, being a succession of Glasses from Life's Phantasmagoria: Supervised by Abel Log. 4. How to write English, by Thomas De Quincy. 5. American Authorship, No. III.—Nathaniel Hawthorne. 6. Life of Benjamin Robert Haydon with sketches of Wilkie, Jackson, Opie, Fuseli, Northcote, &c. 7. The life and character of John Knox. 8. Napoleon and Sir Hudson Lowe at St. Helena; from papers not before made public. 9. Classic and Historic Portraits, -10. The Grenville Papers: Their bearing upon the Identity of Junius.

Original Articles.—11. Southern Literature. 12. The War of the Fanatics.

Poetry. 13. The "Caller Haddie" Woman. 14. New Books. 15. Varieties.

THE SPARTANBURG AND UNION RAILROAD.

The Stockholders of this company held their second annual meeting at Spartanburg, on the 10th ult. We learn from a correspondent of the Carolinian, that the President reported that since the organization of the company, the capital stock had been increased from two hundred thousand to seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and that the track-laying will commence as soon as the iron can be delivered; some time in October. The report of the Engineer shows that the road defects from the Greenville Road at Alston, passes up on the east side of Broad River twenty miles to Shelton's Ferry, an elevation of 95 feet; thence to Unionville, 20 miles, an elevation 408 feet; and thence to Spartanburg, 27 miles, an elevation of 560 feet above Alston;—making the whole length of the road sixty-seven miles. The Engineer thinks the road may be completed during the course of the year 1854.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE.

Graham for September is a good number, and gives additional evidence of the continued exertions on the part of the proprietor to change its character from the former light, ephemeral cast, to one of more solid and sterling literary pretensions. The present number contains a full page plate, music, several illustrated articles, besides many clever and interesting contributions. Published by George R. Graham, Philadelphia.

.....We are glad to notice a gradual but steady diminution of deaths by the epidemic in New Orleans. On the 23d they amounted to 234; 24th, 196; 26th, 164; 27th, 159; 28th, 154.

.....We regret to learn by the Mobile papers that the Yellow Fever is rapidly spreading in that city. The deaths on the 28th were 27, of which 18 were by Yellow Fever; and on the 29th there were 34 deaths, of which 29 were by Yellow Fever.

.....The Selma Reporter, of the 25th, says: "We understand that the boll worm has made its appearance in the cotton fields in this section of the country; and is committing its ravages on the cotton. Loud complaints are being made by the planters. Plantations which bid fair to make a fine yield, we learn, are in many instances, almost ruined by the devastating effects of the worm."

.....Oregon and Minnesota will soon be asking for admission into the Union as States. Thirty thousand inhabitants have been deemed hitherto a sufficient number for that purpose, and both these territories will come up to that mark in a short time.

.....Accounts from Salt Lake, at Louisville, state that our troops were approaching El Paso, intending to keep possession of the Mesilla Valley. The Mexican flag was waving there, and would continue until our troops arrived. The Mexican troops at El Paso were, however, rapidly deserting; and one thing was certain should hostilities break out a majority of the inhabitants of New Mexico would be found to lean towards the United States Government.

.....In the next House of Representatives about two-thirds of the whole will be strangers to any Congressional Directory yet published. She N. Y. Tribune says:

Even South Carolina, which was formerly quite steady in her political attachments, has now no member elect who has served more than four years in the House. Gen. Armistead Burt, who has served just ten years, and who we presumed would be a prominent candidate for Speaker, we find, on consulting the lists of the new Congress, was not re-elected. Gen. Burt's retirement is a public loss, for he is an able, upright and high minded Legislator.

.....Mr. Willis, formerly of Wilmington, Delaware, died from an attack of fever in New Orleans about two weeks ago. His eldest son George was lying a corpse in the house at the same time; his son Joseph, and his daughter, Mrs. Taggart, are also dead, leaving Mrs. Willis, who had been attacked, but was recovering, with four young children in that ill-fated city.

Dr. Cox, speaking of persons who profess to do a great deal for religion, without really possessing any, says they, resemble Noah's carpenters, who built a ship in which other people were saved, although they were drowned themselves.

.....At the 4th of July celebration in Marion county, Ill. a young lady offered the following toast: "The young men of America. *Their* arms our support; *Our* arms their reward. Fall in men, fall in."

.....In lieu of attaching the pig-tail quirk "Esq." to men's names now, the words "S.P." are substituted, which signify "Some Pumpkins." We consider this an improvement, as well as a new fashion.

.....A nervous face-ache, consequent upon being dunned a dozen times, is said to give one the tic-lo! The Manchester Mirror got that off. Cage him!

.....The Catahoula, (La) Advocate announces as its candidate for the Presidency in 1856, without respect to politics, Col. J. C. Fremont.

.....Mr. William Dargan is the great man in Ireland, just now. It was he who advanced the capital (half a million of dollars) for the Dublin Exhibition; and for once, all Ireland is united in a feeling of gratitude to a benefactor.

.....On the 6th of June a locomotive was run for the 1st time five miles on the Egyptian railroad, much to the astonishment of the Bedouins, who galloped alongside on their fleet horses for some time, until they found they had no chance of keeping pace with the locomotive.

DR. *There are few* things which afford us greater pleasure than sitting down to write a notice of the celebrated Hoofland German Bitters, because we are fully conscious we are conferring a public benefit, and our heart tells us that by our notices many have been induced to take these Bitters, and been rescued from death by Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, &c., for the cure of which it is certain. It is prepared and sold only by Dr. C. M. Jackson, at the German Medicine Store, No. 120 Arch street, Philadelphia. sept 8—2t

DR. NEURALGIA.—This formidable disease, which seems to baffle the skill of physicians, yields like magic to Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Mr. F. Boyden, formerly of the Astor House, New York, and late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., is one of the hundreds who have been cured of severe Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Since his cure, he has recommended it to numbers of others who were suffering with nearly every form of disease, with the most wonderful success.

He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen used, and the best blood purifier known.

*** See advertisement in another column.
Aug 18 33 1m

Jew David's Hebrew Plaster.

The great remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Pain in the Side, Hip, Back, Limbs and Joints, Scrofula, King's Evil, White Swellings, Hard Tumors, Stiff Joints, and all fixed pains whatever. Where this Plaster is applied Pain cannot exist.

These Plasters possess the advantages of being put up in air-tight boxes; hence they retain their full virtues in all climates.

This celebrated Pain Extractor has been so extensively used by Physicians and the people in general, both in this country and Europe, that it is almost needless to say any thing about it. Yet there may be some, who stand in need of its healing powers who have not yet tried it. It has cured thousands and it will do the same for them. 52-1m

The Cotton Markets.

CHESTER, Sept. 7.

During the past week several lots of new Cotton have been sold at from 10½ to 10¾.

COLUMBIA, Sept. 6.

There was nothing done in Cotton yesterday; not a single bale was offered for sale; consequently we have no transactions to notice.

MARRIED.

At Castleton, Vermont, on the 17th ult., by Rev. J. Steele, Mr. GEO. G. FOSTER, of this place, and Miss HARRIET S. KELLOGG, of Castleton.

On Wednesday evening, 24th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Caldwell, Mr. JAS. MCKINSTRY, of Tippah, to Mrs. MARTHA J. MCCLURE, at the residence of her father, Maj. Wm. Harbison, of Marshal County, Mississippi.

DIED

In Charleston, on the 30th ult., Dr. E. M. DEBARDELEBEN, late of Chester District, S. C.—aged 31 years, two months and 27 days.

OBITUARY.

Died in Warren Co., Arkansas, at the residence of his father, of Typhoid Fever, on the 14th August last, ROBERT Y. H. BURNETT, son of James Burnett, aged 19 years, 9 months and 2 days.

The deceased was born in Chester District, and removed to Bradley County, Arkansas, in 1851, where he lived till his death. He combined in his character the rare excellencies of a most mild and amiable disposition, which endeared him to all who knew him. He possessed a talent which encouraged the fairest hopes of his becoming an honor to his friends, and a useful and ornamental member of society. He leaves a fond father, a doating and affectionate mother, brothers and sisters, and numerous relatives and friends to mourn his untimely death. Long will his memory be revered and his virtues emulated by those who mourn his loss.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature at its next session for an amendment to the Charter of Incorporation of the Town of Chester.
Aug. 25 34 3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature at its next session for a Charter of Incorporation for the Lewisville Female Seminary, in Chester District.
Aug. 25 34 3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature of this State, at its next session, to discontinue so much of a public Road, known as the Fish Dam Road, as leads from A. T. Walker's Quarter to Mrs. Nancy Bobby's.
Aug. 25 34 3m

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the next Legislature, for leave to open a road from some point on the Winnsboro' road, near Osmond Brown's or Richmond's Old Church, by Blackstocks Depot to Dallardsboro'.

Also, leave to open a road from some point on this road leading from Knox's Mill to Winnsborough, near Dr. Douglass's Old House, by said Depot to DeBardeleben's.
Aug. 25 34 3m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature, at its next session, for a charter to incorporate a Building and Loan Association in Chester.
Sept. 8 36 3m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that I will petition the Legislature at its next session to vest in me the Real Estate (situated in the District of Chester) of my deceased son J. Wesley Triplett.
MILLEY TRIPLETT.
Sept. 8 36 3m

Pant & Pratt,

BLACKSTOCKS,

RESPECTFULLY announce that they will next week receive their

Fall and Winter Supplies,

and invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine their stock.
Sept. 8 34

THE SOUTH.

TO the friends of our cause throughout the slaveholding States we appeal. The Agricultural Association of the Planting States has for its object the diffusion of knowledge, as it appertains to all branches of Agriculture and of our peculiar institutions. We desire a close bond of fellowship, that we may develop our resources and be united as one man in our interests.

It has been said that "the world is against us." Be it so; the world we know is depraved, and on us, and we glory in our position. Let us be true to ourselves and all will be well.

In the discharge of our duty as "Executive Council of the Association," we have fixed the time of the next meeting of the Association to be on Thursday, the first day of December next, at Columbia, S. C., which will be during the first week of the session of the Legislature of that State. From every slaveholding State gentlemen of distinction have been applied to by us to present addresses or essays before the Association on the various subjects of interest connected with it.

To the Southern press we also appeal, and we hope that every newspaper will not only publish this circular, but will give their aid, efforts to this cause, time and again, in their editorial columns.

We earnestly desire that all who feel the importance of the work before us, and wish to advance and firmly establish the Association, will send forward their names and initiation fee, which is "five dollars," to Dr. N. B. Cloud, Secretary, Lockland P. O., Alabama. The funds thus raised are to be applied to the publication of all addresses and essays for gratuitous distribution in book or pamphlet form.

E. A. HOLT, Alabama.
Dr. C. BARRINGER, Alabama.
B. S. ERAU, Alabama.
G. S. YERGER, Mississippi.
WALKER ANDERSON, Florida.
A. G. SUMNER, South Carolina.
JAS. M. CHAMBERS, Georgia.
Gen. R. GILMER, Georgia, President Ex officio.
N. B. CLOUD, Alabama, Secretary, ex officio.
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 12, 1853. 6w

For 20 Negroes

THE highest Cash prices will be paid by
W. W. WALKER.
Sept. 7 34 tf

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE MANUFACTORY.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to execute all orders to the above line, (wholesale or retail) at the shortest notice in a superior manner.

ROOFING AND GUTTERING,
Done with Despatch.

We have also on hand a lot of Japanned Ware; many articles have never been introduced heretofore.

ALSO

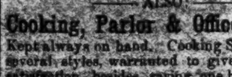
Cooking, Parlor & Office Stoves,

Kept always on hand. Cooking Stoves of several styles, warranted to give entire satisfaction, besides saving one half the fuel, which is an item in this country.

Call and see them at the store between W. M. McDonald's and Henry & Gills.

ELLIOTT & PINCKBACK.
Aug. 4 31-3m

THE LANCASTER RAIL ROAD.



UNDER a Resolution of the Board of Directors of the LANCASTER RAIL ROAD, three sets of books of subscription to the capital stock of said road were ordered to be opened as follows, viz: One for subscriptions by a route from the village of Lancaster to the town of Camden. Another set by a route from Lancaster Village to the Charlotte and South Carolina Railroad, at or near Chester Village, and a third set for subscriptions by a route from Lancasterville to some point on the Charlotte and South Carolina Rail Road, at or near Ridgway, and passing near to Liberty Hill. Said books to be opened on the 12th day of September next, for twenty days, and to close on the 31st day of the same month under the direction of the following Commissioners, viz:

At Camden: John Rosser, J. M. DeSanssure and W. Thurlow Caston.

At Flat Rock, Kershaw District: Wm. Kirkland, C. B. Miller and John Knox.

At Liberty Hill: Jesse Kilgore, Wylie Patterson, and W. C. Cunningham.

At Tuckaseg, Lancaster District: C. Usry, Jno. McManus and Chas. Caston.

At Pleasant Hill: John W. Twitty, Lewis M. Caston and Dr. W. C. Caston.

At Lancaster, C. H.: John Williams, John A. Steenman and R. L. Crawford.

At Pleasant Valley P. O.: G. D. Beckham, R. C. Pete and Robt. M. Miller.

At Monroe, C. H.: Dr. H. Covington, W. W. Hart and M. J. Stewart.

At Wilson's Store, N. C.: Hugh Wilson, Wm. Crow and John Walker.

At Clyburn's Store, Lancaster District: T. L. Clyburn, J. R. Welsh and M. Horton.

At Chester, C. H.: John A. Bradley, Saml. McAliley and C. De Melton.

At Moffatt's Store: Henry Moffatt, J. B. McGill and W. A. Rosborough.

At Cedar Shoals: J. R. McCully, Daniel G. Stinson and John A. H. Gaston.

At Winnsboro': B. W. Stewman, Saml. G. Barkley and J. J. Hammond.

At Ridgeway, S. C.: N. A. Peay, Henry Davis and Dr. H. H. Clarke.

At Columbia, S. C.: W. D. DeSaussure, J. C. Janey and Thos. W. Radcliffe.

At Charleston, S. C.: E. H. Frost, P. T. Villepigue and B. R. Prior.

The Commissioners herein appointed are requested to make a return of the books of subscription to the President and Directors of the Lancaster Rail Road at Lancaster, C. H., on or before the 1st Monday in October next.

DIXON BARNES, President.
Lancaster, C. H., Aug. 11 33-tf

Notice to Creditors.

Charles B. Smith vs. Moses Cowley, *et al.* } *Petition to attach Funds.*

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Equity in this case, the creditors of Moses Cowley, are required to present and establish their demands before the Commissioner on or before the 10th of October next.

JAMES HEMPHILL, c. e. c. d.
Aug. 4 31-3m

NOTICE.

THE notes and accounts of WM. THOMPSON, (shoemaker,) have been placed in my hands for collection. All persons indebted must call and settle.

GILES J. PATTERSON.
Aug 4 31 tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of JAS. M'CLUNEY, deceased, are requested to call on the subscriber without delay and make payment, and thereby save cost.

A. J. ROBERTS, Adm'r.
Aug. 11 33 3t

Rags! Rags!!

THE subscriber will receive in exchange for goods all Linen, Tow and Cotton Rags, at 2 cents per pound, at their Grocery Store near the Depot. Also: GOOD DRY HIDES.

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.
April 28 17 tf

For Sale.

A VALUABLE Plantation on the waters of Turkey Creek, in York District and within 4 miles of the K. M. Railroad, containing

Two Hundred Acres,

On the plantation is a good dwelling House and all necessary out buildings, an excellent Gin House, lately erected, a thriving young Orchard, an excellent Garden and a never failing spring of excellent water. The location is pleasant and healthy. For further particulars inquire of the Editor.

WM. HEMINGWAY.
Aug. 25 34 1m

***Fairfield *Herald* will insert for 1 month.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, intending to remove, offers for sale her valuable tract of Land, situated in Chester District, a half mile from Baton Rouge, containing

Two Hundred and Thirty Acres,

more than one-half in woodland, finely timbered, and the balance is a good state of cultivation. The tract lies well, is unusually well watered, and is improved with a good dwelling and other out-buildings. Persons wishing to purchase will call and examine the premises.

LEAH CORNWELL.

N. B. All persons indebted to me are requested to make payment without delay. As I wish to leave, and must have money to settle my business, indulgence cannot be given. Having indulged many for several years, they cannot complain that I now insist on being paid.

L. C.
Aug. 25 34 tf

To the Public.

WHEREAS my wife, Frances Boulware, has left my house without just provocation, this is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I will not be responsible for debts contracted by her.

OSMOND BOULWARE.
July 28 30 tf

Who Wants to Live!

IF such is your desire, call at the Store of Chisholme & Carroll, East Chester, near the Depot, and you can find any quantity of the Best Bacon in the State—several quantities of Corn, Flour and Meal.

CHISHOLME & CARROLL.
May 19 20 tf

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

THE subscriber offers for sale at the lowest market prices, a large and well selected assortment of EAST INDIA, MEDITERRANEAN AND EUROPEAN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

French, English & American Chemicals, of all kinds.

Perfumery,
Fancy Articles,
Fancy Soaps,
Toilet "
Washing Soaps,
Extracts of all kinds,
Hair, Nail, Tooth and Flesh Brushes,
Hair Dyes,
Hair Pomades,
Hair Oils,
Hair Preparations for beautifying and promoting the growth,
Surgical Instruments,
Train Oil,
Sperm Oil,
Spirits Turpentine,
Linseed Oil,
Varnishes,
Paint Brushes,
Paints and Oils,
Dye Stuffs,
Window Glass, every size,
Coach " " "
Looking " " "
Bronzes, every kind,
Wine and Brandy, extra purity for Medical purposes only,

CAMPHENE, BURNING FLUID, GENUINE COD LIVER OIL,

Together with every article in the Drug and Fancy line.

All of which are warranted of the most pure and genuine kinds. If the public will but take into consideration that we devote our undivided attention to the Drug business, and that we are prepared to test the strength and purity of Medicines, they may expect to purchase articles not only cheap, but of superior quality. Many medicinal compounds, which are liable to injury or deterioration from age, will be prepared at short intervals, in sufficient quantities to meet the demand.

Mr. H. J. McDONALD, a practical Apothecary, will be found constantly at the Store.

☞ Agent for all the various popular Patent Medicines, advertised in the different newspapers of this State and United States.

A. P. WYLIE.
June 16 24 tf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

AT

DAVEGA & BENNETT'S.

THE subscribers have just opened their Stock of Spring and Summer Goods of the very latest styles, viz:

Plain and Figured colored Silks,
Plain and Figured Black Silks,
Silk Tissues and Barèges of every style.
Colored Swiss and Jaconet Muslins.
French and Scotch Ginghams.
Calicoes—some very handsome at 12½ cents.
Barege Silk and Muslin Mantles.
Plain and Figured Swiss Muslins.
Embroidered L. C. Handkerchiefs.
Silk Gloves and Mitts.
Swiss and Cambric Undersleeves—new style.
Worked Collars and Pointed Cuffs.
Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings.
Thread and Cotton Edgings and Laces.

Together with a complete assortment of Staple and Fancy Goods of every variety.

A. H. DAVEGA.

BONNETS.

The attention of the Ladies is particularly requested to our Stock of Bonnets which are of the best quality and latest styles.

ALSO:

A complete assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,
Panama and other Styles of Hats,
Drugs and Medicines,
Crockery & Glass Ware,
Hardware,
Groceries, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to examine our Stock and prices.

JORDAN BENNETT.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A BEAUTIFUL assortment of Spring and Summer Clothing. Just received at DAVEGA & BENNETTS.

April 21 16 tf

A NEW FIRM!

At Rock Hill Depot, on Charlotte & South Carolina Railroad.

WE, the undersigned, have this day entered into Partnership, and we are now receiving our new Spring Stock of Goods, consisting of

DRY GOODS OF ALL VARIETIES,

Clothing of the latest styles—Hardware & Nails.

GROCERIES—such as Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rice and Salt;

Which we will sell as low as can be sold in any of the up-country towns, for Cash, or to approved customers. Call and see what bargains we can give

BROACH, MASSEY & CO.

W. P. BROACH. JNO. MASSEY, SR. W. P. BROACH.
March 23 12 6m

We return our thanks to our friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and hope they will give Broach, Massey & Co., a call.

W. P. & H. F. BROACH.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

R. A. YONGUE
COLUMBIA, So. Ca.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends that he has now on hand, and will constantly keep an extensive assortment of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Mantel Clocks of Every Variety,
SILVER & PLATED WARE,
A large variety,
MILITARY AND FANCY GOODS,
Guns, Rifles, Sportsman's Apparatus,
FINE POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY
Together with all kinds of

FANCY ARTICLES.

His Stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, and JEWELRY, embraces a handsome and fashionable collection of such articles. It is design not to be surpassed in the taste and elegance of his selections, and his prices will be found on examination to be as moderate as at any other establishment in the South.

He solicits a continuance of the custom heretofore so liberally bestowed on the old firm.

R. A. YONGUE.
Columbia, Feb. 16 7 tf

Notice.

THE Notes and accounts of G. F. KENNEDY, have been placed in my hands for collection. All persons indebted had better call and settle early and thus save costs.

GILES J. PATTERSON.
July 28 30 7t

Flour.

3,000 pounds Flour in 80 and 90 pound Bags.

CHISHOLME & CARROLL.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

FOR sale by

DAVEGA & BENNETT.
Feb. 23 8 tf

Preston's Sugar of Lemons,

For making Lemonade. Superior to Lemon Syrup and much cheaper.

Superfine Baking Soda.

10 cents per lb—Cash.

White Lead.

Wetherill's Pure and Extra. Direct from the Factory

Spirits Turpentine

By the Gallon; Quart Bottles, 25 cents.

Superior Cold Pressed Pure Castor Oil,

By the gallon. Quart Bottles only 40 cents.

Bed Bug Destroyer.

Warranted to kill—in case of failure the money will be refunded.

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

Corn.

500 Bushels Corn, and Meal in abundance fresh ground, at

CHISHOLME & CARROLL'S.

10,000 POUNDS

SUPERFINE FLOUR, just received and for sale by

T. S. MILLS.
July 28 30 tf

Bacon.

2,000 pounds Hams, Shoulders and Midlings.

CHISHOLME & CARROLL.

DISSOLUTION.

THE LATE FIRM OF

HENRY & HERNDON

IS this day dissolved by mutual consent, the term of Partnership having expired. Either of the subscribers will attend to making settlements.

Persons having open accounts of long standing, are requested to settle them with Cash or Note.

W. D. HENRY,
J. HERNDON.

Chester, March 23, 1853. 12-tf

NEW FIRM.

William D. Henry & William H. Gill,

HAVE associated themselves together for the purpose of transacting a general

MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

UNDER THE FIRM OF

HENRY & GILL,

At the old stand of Henry & Herndon.

They would respectfully invite their friends and the public to examine their

Stock of Goods,

Consisting of almost every article usually kept by Merchants.

Their Goods in quality and price, will compare favorably with any other establishment in this country; and they will spare no pains, not only to please, but to furnish their customers with articles that will give them satisfaction on trial.

March 23 12-tf

E. J. WEST,

SADDLE & HARNESS MAKER,
CHESTER, C. H., S. C.,

IS still engaged in the manufactory of **Saddles, Bridles, Harness,**

TRUNKS, &C.,

which he will sell on as reasonable terms as articles of like quality can be had elsewhere. He uses only the best material, and his work being done under his personal supervision, he can safely warrant it to be executed in workmanlike manner. Any order with which his friends may favor him, can be filled on short notice.

REPAIRING

is done with despatch and promptness, and on reasonable terms.

May 26 tf

Miss M. J. BLAKELY.

Millinery and Mantua Making.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the Ladies of Chester and surrounding country, that having procured a Select and Fashionable assortment of *Bonnets, Capes, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Gloves,*

ARTIFICIALS, &c.,

with the latest styles of Fashion, she is prepared to sell, make and trim Bonnets and Ladies Dresses, with the greatest taste and moderate prices.

April 28 17 6m

NOTICE.—All persons who are indebted to the late firm of Wylie & Mobley, are earnestly requested to make settlement without further delay. Dr. Mobley has been removed for some years, and the business still continues unclosed. Longer indulgence cannot be reasonably asked.

Also, those indebted to the undersigned, on his individual account are likewise notified his books must be closed either by Cash or Note

A. P. WYLIE.
Dec. 29 52 tf

Valuable River Lands for Sale

THE subscriber offers at private sale his tract of River Lands, situated in York District, on Catawba River, 8 miles below the bridge of the Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road. The Tract contains 984 acres, about 200 of which are river and creek bottoms, and about 600 woodland, well timbered. The place is well improved with two story frame dwelling, good out-buildings, Gin House, &c.

The plantation is a very desirable one, and the subscriber would be pleased that any one wishing to purchase would call and examine it.

DAVID J. RICE.
July 14 28-tf

A Clerk Wanted.

WANTED an active, industrious young man as Clerk. One of experience preferred—References required. JNO. McKEE.
July 28 30 tf

Business Cards.

E. F. HERNDON. GILES J. PATTERSON

HERNDON & PATTERSON,
Attorneys at Law,
CHESTER C. H., S. C.,

WILL attend to all cases entrusted to their care, in the Districts composing the Northern Circuit.

Office in the Court House in the office of the Ordinary.

Jan. 19 4 tf

DAVEGA & BENNETT,
DEALERS IN
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE, GROCERIES, MEDICINES BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, BONNETS, CROCKERY,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Jan. 26 4 tf

DENTAL OPERATIONS.

Dr. J. T. WALKER

WOULD inform the citizens of Chester and surrounding Districts that he will be found at McAfee's Hotel, on every Monday, and all public days; where he may be consulted on his profession.

N. B. He finds it impracticable to ride through the country; and operations can be better performed at his rooms.

N. B.—He would earnestly ask of all persons indebted to him that they would oblige him, by a settlement of their dues, as his necessities absolutely require him to make collections.

July 16 29-tf

DR. J. S. PRIDE,

HAVING permanently located in the Town of Chester, tenders his Professional services to its citizens and the vicinity.

OFFICE at McAFEE'S HOTEL.

May 23 25 tf

E. ELLIOTT,

SKY LIGHT

DAGUERREIAN ROOMS!

Miniatures put in neat Cases, Frames, Breast pins, Rings & Lockets, at prices to suit all classes

ROOMS ON MAIN STREET,

TWO DOORS SOUTH OF ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

April 16 16-1

Chambers, Jeffers & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE undersigned beg leave to return thanks to their numerous friends for their past liberal patronage, and inform them that they still continue the business as heretofore, and hold themselves ready to serve their friends and all who may favor them with consignments or business, to the best of their skill and ability, and that no effort on their part will be wanting to give satisfaction.

CHAMBERS, JEFFERS & CO.
Charleston, Aug. 4 31-6m

Fancy Goods—Head Quarters.

S. WILLE,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

German, English, French & Domestic

FANCY GOODS,

German Woolen and Cotton Hosiery, Linen and Cotton Tape, Suspenders, Buttons, Trimmings, Perfumery, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Looking Glasses, Cutlery, Needles, Pins, Fans, Toys, Combs of every description, &c.

No. 208 KING STREET,
Opposite the Victoria Hotel,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

July 28 30 6m

RANKIN, PULLIAM & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

NO. 17 HAYNE-STREET,
(Will Remove Sept. 1st, to 131 Meeting-St.)
CHARLESTON, S. C.

WM. D. RANKIN, R. W. PULLIAM. } P. M. CRAIGMILES, A. P. SMITH.

June 30 1y

FRASER & THOMSON.

LONG AND SHORT STAPLE COTTON

FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

ADGER'S NORTH WHARF.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

FRED'K E. FRASER, PAUL S. THOMSON.

Sept. 15 36 tf

RICE DULIN,

FACTOR & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

CENTRAL WHARF,
Charleston, S. C.

Nov. 10 45 1y

Thomas Alexander,

FACTOR & GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

South Atlantic Wharf,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

N.B.—All country produce sold at the highest market price,

Nov. 17 46 1y

LIVERY STABLE NOTICE.

THE Livery Stables formerly kept by Sledge & Pagan, and lately by Foster & Pagan, will hereafter be known as

Foster's Livery and Sale Stables,

Orders for Horses, Buggies and Carriages, Draying, Omnibus to Depot, or any other business in the Livery Line, will receive prompt attention by applying to

GEO. G. FOSTER, *Proprietor.*

DROVERS can be accommodated on reasonable terms.

G. G. F. can always be found at the Howerton Hotel or at the Stable.

March 9 10 tf

37 Cents a Bushel!

200 BUSHELS choice Irish Potatoes, at the above price, for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine."

THE subscriber being fully authorized to close up the business of the late firm of McDonald & Pinchback, takes this method of informing those indebted, that he is determined to close that business up by next fall, and those that observe this notice will perhaps save costs.

D. PINCHBACK.
Jan. 5 1 tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE LATE FIRM OF

BENNETT & LEWIS,

IS this day dissolved by mutual consent. The Notes and Accounts of those indebted, will be found at the old stand, and it is desirous that an early settlement be made.

J. BENNETT,
J. N. LEWIS.

Chester, July 24, 1853.

J. Newton Lewis & David H. Wilson,

Have associated themselves together as dealers in the Jewelry business, under the name of

LEWIS & WILSON.

They would respectfully solicit the attention of their friends and the public generally, to examine their stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Silver Ware & Fancy Goods,

which shall at all times be found equal in quality and price to any in the State.

Chester, July 24, 1853.

I return my sincere thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received, and hope the same may be continued to the new firm.

I also recommend their workman as an accomplished Watchmaker.

J. BENNETT.
July 28 30 tf

HOWERTON'S HOTEL.

CHESTER, S. C.

THE undersigned having leased the House formerly and favorably known as the "Kennedy House," wishes to inform the citizens of Chester, and travelling public generally, that he intends keeping

One of the best Houses,

in the up country, and earnestly solicits their patronage, guaranteeing that nothing shall be wanting, and no one shall leave dissatisfied. Gentlemen attending Courts are particularly invited to this House, as its close proximity to the Court House renders it quite convenient.

THE TABLES will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

The Bar and Oyster Saloon,

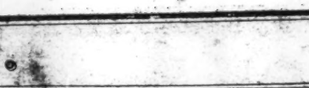
attached to the House, is kept in the most modern style by experienced men.

THE STABLES are large and commodious, and always well supplied with the best of Hay and Grain. The best of Hostlers always in attendance.

JNO. T. HOWERTON, *Proprietor.*
Dec. 8 49-tf

FISK'S

PATENT METALLIC BURIAL CASES.



THESE cases are of metal, heavily bronzed so as to be indestructible, are air tight, and so cast as to be beautiful in form and preserve the body enclosed in them for any length of time without decomposition. For persons who desire to preserve the bodies of deceased friends free from the effects of water and vermin in ordinary interments, or who desire to remove them to a distance for burial or to preserve them for any length of time before burial, they are invaluable. Their cost is little more than that of a wooden coffin, and the weight about the same.

An assortment of these cases may be found at J. I. Parish's Ware Room, Chester, S. C. Persons are solicited to call and examine them. Orders supplied at the shortest notice.

June 16 24 tf

South Carolina,—Chester District.

IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.

William Bigham, vs. Robert Bigham, *et al.* } *Summons in Partition.*

BY PETER WYLIE, Esquire, Ordinary for said District.

William N. Fee, Administrator of Sarah Bigham, having this day filed his Petition praying that the proceeds of the Real Estate of said deceased, sold for Partition, be paid to him to meet the claims of creditors; and it appearing to my satisfaction that Josiah Bigham and the heirs at Law of Ann Bigham, (wife of Robert Bigham) reside beyond the limits of this State: These are to cite and admonish the said Josiah Bigham, and the heirs-at-law of the said Ann Bigham, to appear in this Court on the second Monday of September next, to shew cause, if any they can, why the prayer of the Petitioner should not be granted.

L. S. Given under my hand and the Seal of the said Court, at Chester Court House, this 3d June, 1853.

PETER WYLIE, o. c. d.
Jun 23 3m

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

BROWNING & LEMAN, formerly of and successors to C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co. would respectfully call the attention of their Customers and others visiting Charleston, to their assortment of DRY GOODS now opening, which will be found more complete than has ever before been offered in that City.

All articles in their line have been manufactured expressly to order, Imported Direct, and will be warranted to prove as represented.

The ONE PRICE SYSTEM will be rigidly adhered to and purchasers may depend upon every article being priced as low as they can be procured in any City in the United States.

Particular attention is requested to their departments of

Silk and Fancy Dress Goods,

Embroderings, Carpeting, Blankets and Plantation Woollens.

ALSO:

Sheetings and Shirting Linens, Table Damasks, Diapers, Towelings, Napkins, Doylies, &c.; together with every variety of

Long Cloths, Cotton Sheetings and Hosiery of all kinds.

Terms CASH or City acceptance.

BROWNING & LEMAN.
209 and 211 King Street, corner of Market, Charleston, S. C.

Sept. 29 38 1y

Notice.

PERSONS indebted to the firm of McDonald & Pinchback, will find the Books and Notes of that concern with D. Pinchback, at his new Dry Goods Store, where they are earnestly requested to call and settle as early as possible. Those having open accounts will confer a favor by closing them, *if it is only by note*, but cash would be preferred as we wish to have all of our accounts closed up by the first of October.

McDONALD & PINCHBACK.
June 23 25-tf

Fresh Burning Fluid

AND FLUID LAMPS.

JUST received a handsome assortment of Fluid Lamps. ALSO:—The best quality of Burning Fluid which we will hereafter be regularly supplied with.

DAVEGA & BENNETT.
Feb. 23 8 tf

H. FABIAN,

WATCH MAKER AND JEWELLER,
CHESTER, S. C.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his former patrons and friends, for the very liberal encouragement he has received at their hands; and indulges the hope that they will still continue to call whenever a desire may present itself to purchase any thing in his line.

He has recently replenished his stock on hand with an assortment of the finest

Watches and Jewelry,

ever before introduced in this place; and which he feels confident cannot fail to please those who are lovers of the beautiful.

In point of quality and price, he is determined to sell nothing that he cannot confidently recommend, and on the cheapest terms possible. All articles sold by him and not proving as stated, will be made good, provided it has sustained no injury at the hands of the buyer.

Having secured the services of a skillful and experienced workman, he feels himself fully able to execute any order in the REPAIRING LINE, with neatness, durability and despatch.

Aug. 25 34 tf

***Lancaster *Ledger* will copy for 1 year; Camden *Journal*, Yorkville *Miscellany* and Charlotte (N. C.) *Whig*, twice a month for three months, and forward accounts to the subscriber.

ATTENTION BATTALION!

THE Eastern Battalion, 26th Regiment, S. C. M., will parade at Chester, on Saturday the 10th of September next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for Review.

Commissioned and non-commissioned officers will appear on the day previous at 10 o'clock, A. M., for Drill and Instruction.

By Order of Col. HARDIN.

J. C. LOWRY, *Major.*
Aug. 24 34 2t

Millinery and Mantua Making

MRS. S. P. MORRIS, (wife of A. D. Morris,) respectfully informs the Ladies of Chester and vicinity, that she has located in the house immediately North of McAfee's Hotel, where she is prepared to do all kinds of work in Millinery and Mantua Making, and hopes by a desire to please, and a strict attention to business to merit a share of their patronage.

Dresses, Caps, Bonnets, &c., &c.,

made to order in the latest style, and as cheap as can be afforded elsewhere.

Aug. 25 34 tf

LAND FOR SALE.

BEING desirous of removing westward, I offer for sale my plantation lying one mile South of Chester Court House, containing 150 acres. The place is in good repair, with a good Dwelling, Inn House, and all necessary out-buildings, together with a spring of good water. The location for health cannot be surpassed. Any one wishing to purchase will please call and examine for themselves.

If not sold before the third Monday in September, it will be exposed to public sale at Chester Court House, on that day to the highest bidder.

JOHN McA. HUNTER.
Aug. 18 33 2t

Notice.

I HAVE sold my Drug Store to Dr. A. P. Wylie, and am desirous of closing up my business as soon as possible: therefore, all who are indebted on my Books, will please call and settle them, either by Cash or Note. My Books and Notes are in the hands of W. A. Walker, Esq., who is authorized to receipt for me. Also, the Books of Reedy & Bell, are in his hands for settlement.

J. A. REEDY.
May 5 18 tf

NEW SPRING SUPPLIES.

T. J. DUNOVANT & CO.

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of their friends and the public generally, to their

NEW AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS,

which they are now receiving. The Ladies are particularly invited to call and examine their assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

New Styles of Satin Striped Bayege; Grenadines; Cambric Muslins, a large stock of Organdie Muslins; French Jaconet Muslins, a select Assortment of rich Brocade and Cambrics; Silks, and a beautiful style of Sewing Silk.

SHAWLS,
white & colored.

Ladies' Lace, Chip and Straw BONNETS;

And Misses Bloomers;

Together, with every other article of Ladies' Dress Goods.

They have also the newest styles of Gentlemen's Wear, with a fine assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

The latest styles of HATS, BOOTS & SHOES. They are also receiving a large supply of Domestic Goods, Cutlery, Hardware, Crockery, &c., and are able to supply their customers on the most reasonable terms.

T. J. DUNOVANT, C. K. WILLIAMS, WILLIAM DUNOVANT.
March 16 11 tf

Farmers Look to Your Interests!

THE Gardner and Complete Florist; New American Gardener; by Fessenden; Smith's Productive Farming; Popular Vegetable Physiology; Treatise on the Vine; Silk Growers Guide; Downing's Fruits and Fruit Trees; Stock Raisers Manual; Cobbett's Corn; Youatt on the Horse; Hinds Farrier; Mayhew's Farrier and Stud Book, with many other valuable and useful works. Just received and for sale by

JNO. McKEE.
Dec. 1 48-tf

WHEAT AND CORN MILL.

THE undersigned has attached to his Mills at this place the most approved machinery for the manufacture of FLOUR, and is prepared to furnish an article of as good quality as can be had in this market.

He will grind Wheat regularly on every Thursday and Corn as heretofore, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

N. B. HAYES.
Feb. 4, 1852. 5 tf

NOTICE TO MECHANICS.

THE Commissioners of Chester, and Contiguous Roads, having determined to build a new House of Worship, which proposals for the same will be received on the first of October next, at which time the contract will be closed. Any person or persons wishing to make proposals, will call on the Commissioners for specifications. All materials will be furnished by the Committee.

C. J. CLARK,
A. ROBINSON,
[illegible]
P. REDDY,
JOHN HICKSON,
Committee.

Aug. 28 35 4t

Rags! Rags!!

A LARGE lot of [illegible] for sale by

JAMES CAGAN & CO.
Aug. 28 35 tf

become at least independent in the production of the food which sustains her laborers.

WEEDS AND WEEDING.

The remedies proposed for doing away with weeds, are only exceeded in number by weeds themselves—but, among the many methods, some may be adopted with propriety. Some weeds of the smaller kinds are destroyed by burning a slight coating of litter on the surface of the soil in the early spring, and market gardeners so prepare soil for raising cabbage plants. Many kinds of the smaller weeds are destroyed by a coating of six bushels of common salt per acre, after plowing, and a few days before planting. Some weeds, embracing quite a large class, may be done away with by two plowings, a few weeks apart, and when the field is intended for late crops, this may be readily done.

Where a neglected corner is so full of weeds, that they cannot be got rid of by ordinary means, then salt the soil so heavily as to destroy all growth, and by losing the use of it for one year, and adding lime with a full plowing, such salted soil will be found clear of weeds the following season, and of improved fertility. The ultimate constituents of salt (*chlorine* and *soda*,) are not unfriendly to vegetation, and they soon separate in the soil by chemical influences, and thus cease to be salt.

Root and other hoed crops enable us to get rid of many weeds, when the crops receive proper attention—thus a carrot crop, if properly attended, will secure the removal of weeds. The use of properly constructed cultivators among root crops, if used sufficiently often, will save much labor in the removal of weeds, for they will turn out every weed between the rows to be removed by hand or by the hand-hoe. The use of the *push or scuffle* hoe in skilful hands, will do much to save the soil from weeds: if applied to a proper depth in a well disintegrated soil, it cuts off the weeds, and in the back action draws them above the surface, to decay without replanting the roots. Horse-hoes are also constructed so as to cut weeds deeply, and to leave the entire weed, root and all to decay.

Never leave weeds a few days longer, because they are not going to seed. Large weeds seldom come forth with so much of their roots as smaller ones, and their increased size robs other plants of their proper food, nor will their decay on the surface restore all they have robbed again to the soil, for a large part of the nitrogenous portion of their constituents will be lost in the atmosphere. Salt and lime mixture, used in composts, destroys the accidental weed seed from the stable, by assisting in their more perfect decomposition. Hog-pen manure will decompose with such violence as to destroy many, and when the divisor used is decomposed muck or charcoal braze, the ammonia is not lost even by so violent a decomposition.—*Working Farmer.*

Humorous Reading.

"IT'S ALL RIGHT, CAPTAIN."—As the fleet steamer R. was coming up the Mississippi, not long since, several way passengers came on board at Vicksburg, and among others a giant looking middle aged Kentuckian, who very soon became the subject of curiosity, wonder and general remark. After traveling a short distance, the party, except our hero, went to the "Captain's office," and paid their fare to the place of destination. The next day, the clerk make bold to call on the delinquent passenger, who had taken no berth, but had passed the greater part of his time in his chair, and with his usual urbanity of manner, asked the Kentuckian to give him his place of destination, as it would help him in making up his book, intending his question also as a gentle hint for him to pay his fare.

The giant rose from his lethargy and replied:

"I'm going up the river a piece—it's all right, Mr. Clerk."

The clerk not being much the wiser from this answer, again politely asked—

"At what point do you intend to land, sir?"

"Don't land at no point, Mr. Clerk. It's all right though."

Here the clerk left our hero and went to consult the Captain, who at once lost his wonted good humor, as the clerk related the result of his interview with the delinquent customer. The captain proceeded forthwith to bring the matter to a focus, and accosted the Kentuckian, saying:

"How far are you going to bear us company up the river, uncle?"

"Oh! I am going a piece up with ye—but it's all right, Captain!"

"But sir," said the captain, "you have neither paid your fare nor given the clerk your place of destination, and you are old enough to know the custom of steamboat men, that when a man refuses to pay his fare, or to give a good reason for not paying, we put him ashore immediately."

"Well, captain, 'spose 'ts your custom, but it's all right."

Here the captain, lost his patience, and resolved to put him ashore, and accordingly ordered the pilot to land, and told, him to make ready to go ashore, to which he very graciously replied:

"It's all right."

After getting on terra firma, the captain gave him a short blessing for giving him the trouble to land, threatening him a tip top dressing if he ever saw him again, &c. To which the old man responded again, with an air of triumph pointing to a fine looking cottage just above him on the bank:

"It's all all *right*, Captain: that's my house. It's all *right*."

PHRASEOLOGY.—A reformer suggests that it would be a decided improvement for gentlemen in the habit of embellishing their conversation, in place of the terms "by a d—— sight," to use the expression "by a grand sight." He thinks the latter quite as euphonious and expressive, if not equally as explosive. The question is mooted whether "grand jury eyes" would do as well for that class of purasocologists who seem to think, about every five minutes, that they could do without their optics. "Go to Yell"—a former member of Congress—is put forward for the use of those who could not abstain at once, without danger to their health, from sending their neighbors to certain hot sulphur springs every now and then. "By gum," "by golly," in the north, and "by gosh," and "got-a-mity," in the south, are all specious contrivances for the use of tender consciences. Occasionally, under a splurge of indignation, these elegant derivations give place to the original with wonderful effect at the time, but followed by a corresponding amount of compunctious visitings.

A FREE FIGHT.—The following is a description of a free fight in Western Virginia as related by one of the eye-witnesses thereof. Premising that there was but one man struck, in answer to an interrogatory as to who he was, the narrator replies:

"I reckon he was from low down on Guyan, somewhar. Jes as they was jawin, a chap rode up on a clay-bank hoss—I reckin he was Messinger stock, a scrowgin anemil a leetle mite blind o' both eyes—a peart looking chap enough, an' when he got fernent the place, ses he, "Is this a free fight?" an' they tole him it wor. Well," says he, gitting off an' hitchin his ole claybank to a swinging-limb, "Count me in!" He hadn't more'n got it out, afore some one fetched him a lick, an' he drapt. He riz dreckly with some deficulty, an' ses he, "Is this a free fight?" an' they Said it arr. "Well, 'ses he, unhitchin his hoss, and puttin his left leg orer the back leather, "count me out!" an' then he travelled."

THE RIGHT JURY.—A man out West, indicted for stealing bacon, went to a lawyer and told him his case. The lawyer, strange to say, advised him to settle; but the man said no—he had a right to be tried by a jury and a lawyer to defend him. The trial came on, and the witness swore up to the hub against the man. It was a clear case to all, even to the attorney who had argued for the bacon stealer. The jury went out and soon returned with a verdict of "not guilty." The man thrust his thumbs in his vest pocket and went out of the courthouse whistling Yankee Doodle. The next day his lawyer met him and asked him how under heaven he got that case. "Now, Squire," said the client "I'll tell you how the thing was done, but ye needn't say any thing about it. *Eleven of that jury had some of the bacon!*"

IF A BODY MEET A BODY.—If a body catch a body stealing his old rye, shouldn't a body kick a body till a body cry?—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

If a body see a body creeping round his lot, shouldn't a body treat a body to a load of shot?—*Wartwick News.*

If a body catch a body stealing his *Express*, shouldn't a body seize a body and try to get redress?—*Petersburg Express.*

If a body wants a body his store to patronize, shouldn't a body pay a body money to advertise?—*Lynchburg Express.*

If a body see a body 'propriate his hat, should a body kick a body just for doing that?—*Washington Star.*

TALL POETRY.—That rhyming Fourth of July Oration, in the Sundy Times, was a superior sample of down east poetry. We like this:

In fact, the universal globe will all be ours that's sartin—

To say republics won't endoore, is in my eye and Betty Martin:

This Union will take in the airth, with all its States and nashins.

Before the revolushin comes announced in Revelashins.

If a body catch a nigger stealing all his chikens, shouldn't a body lick a nigger the very dickens?—*Centre Democrat.*

If a body know a body that takes no paper at all, shouldn't a body make a body take the State Capitol?—*Louisville Seminary.*

If a body a body, who a stealing his umbrellar, shouldn't a body kick the body of the thievish fellar?

REVIVING.—A raftsman, who had drunk a little too freely, fell from the raft and was drowning, when his brother plunged into his relief and seized him by the hair; but the current was strong, and the brother's strength being nearly exhausted, he was about relinquishing his hold, despairing, when the drowning one raised his head above the water and exclaimed—"Hang on, Sam, hang on—I'll treat, I aware I will." His words were stimulating, and the brother at length saved him.

"Hiram, my boy," said a tender father to his son, "you must be more careful of yourself. You have not the constitution of some."

"Don't you believe it; I've got the constitution of a horse. Dang it, if I don't believe I've got the constitution of the United States."

[COMMUNICATED.

The Planters' & Mechanics' Hotel.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having recently had occasion to lodge in your town, our lot has been cast with our friend of the Planters' and Mechanics' Hotel, and we cannot omit expressing publicly our gratification at the manner in which his house is managed, and the efforts he used to promote the comfort of those who call n him. We have always found his table bountifully supplied with the best fare to be found in the market, and prepared in such a manner as would delight the palate of the most fastidious. His rooms are always in good order, and well furnished. His servants are dutiful and attentive; and to crown all, the host himself is ever present to anticipate your slightest want and to render your condition as pleasant as possible. We have no where found so good accommodations; and to those who, like ourselves, are plain farmers, the *Planters' & Mechanics'* is the house to be preferred. In attention to horses, a matter which we farmers look to, our friend Larson sees that nothing is wanting. He knows how to have them cared for, and sees that it is done.

To those of our friends who may have to lodge in Chester, we would recommend a trial of the hospitality of this House; for we believe that a better House is not to be found in the country. We make this communication unsolicited, and solely with the view to inform our friends where good quarters are to be had.

C. & S.

March 16. 11 tf

TAILORING
AND
Ready Made Clothing.
CARROLL & FARLEY,

HAVE RECEIVED THEIR

Spring and Summer Clothing,

OF all kinds suitable for Men's and Boy's Wear; which they offer low, to make room for more. Their stock consists in part of all descriptions of Coats, Pants, Vests, Cloaks, Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Collars, Undershirts, Socks, and many other things too tedious to enumerate.

They also have on hand a fine assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, together with every description of Trimmings. In a word we feel fully prepared to give satisfaction to those of our friends who may favor us with their patronage.

All kinds of work done in the old way, on short notice.

Apr. 21 16

New Book Bindery
AND
STATIONER'S HALL.
COLUMBIA, S. C.

THE subscriber has just opened his BOOK BINDERY and STATIONER'S HALL, at the old stand of P. M. Johnson, Richardson-st. where every article of Stationary may be found at prices *lower than the lowest, of superior quality.*

He solicits the attention of his country friends and dealers generally, to his stock of Paper, consisting of Printing Paper of all description, Blank Paper of Imperial, Sup. Royal, Royal, Medium, Demy, and Cap sizes, and Superior Letter Paper of best Brands, which will be sold at a great reduction, together with a large assortment of Full and Half Bound Account Books, such as Records, Journals, Day Books, Ledgers.

Having also increased facilities for Binding, he will execute promptly orders for Blank Books, Ruled and Bound in any style. Printed Books bound in every variety of style.

All who desire to deal at low figures *for Cash*, would do well to give him a call, and those ordering paper for points above Columbia, will save much delay by sending him their orders.

THOS. J. LAMOTTE.

March 23, 1853. 12 6m

REMOVAL.

THOMAS S. MILLS, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to the stand formerly occupied as a Grocery Store by D. Pinchback, where he will keep on hand

A Large Stock of Groceries
AND
FAMILY PROVISIONS,

and will bid the highest prices for Cotton and other produce brought to this market.

April 13 14 tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has taken the Store lately occupied by David Pinchback, and is now offering his goods for sale, for Cash, or to approved customers on time. It would be vain in him to say like some, that his Goods will be sold lower than hisneighbors, and it would be troublesome to enumerate all he has for sale; but he would say this without doing injustice to any one, that his experience is as great as any merchant in the place in the selection of Goods, both as to style and durability,—and he stands pledged to trade fairly with all who may feel disposed to try him, and hopes he will be able to please all.

WM. M. McDONALD.

Feb. 2 5 tf

5000 lbs. Swedish Iron.

10,000 lbs. Iron, from the King's Mountain Iron Works. Just received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Feb. 23 8 tf

2,000 Pounds Tallow,

A GOOD article, just received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Sept. 22 37-tf

Dry Hides and Wool.

WE will barter, at 10 cts. per lb. for 100, good Dry Hides: ALSO:—for WOOL at the highest market rates.

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Sept. 22 37-tf

25 Barrels N. C. Flour,

JUST received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Feb. 23 8 tf

Brawley & Alexander

ARE prepared to make liberal advances on Cotton, consigned through them to any responsible house in Charleston.

N. B. Exchange bought and sold on Charleston, Baltimore, New York, Mobile or New Orleans.

Read and Remember!

THAT all persons indebted to the undersigned will, after the 1st February, '53 find their Notes and accounts with W. A. Walker, Esq., for collection, *without exception of persons.*

W. M. NICHOLSON.

Nov 24 47tf

Camphene and Burning Fluid.

Just received and for sale, a very superior article.

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

THE GREAT KENTUCKY
SOUTHERN REMEDY,

DR. JOHN BULL'S

SARSAPARILLA.

IT is put up in full quart bottles, and contains the strength of six vials as much pure Honduras Sarsaparilla as any similar preparation in America. Price, one dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars.

It has been a well-established fact, for years past, that Sarsaparilla, when pure and properly prepared, was the only true panacea for all diseases originating from an impure state of the blood, the use of mercury, intoxicating drinks, evil habits in youth, barrenness, etc. We boldly assert, that JOHN BULL'S FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is the only preparation before the public, that is prepared on strictly scientific principles, and of uniform strength. The Sarsaparilla is purchased without regard to price and every pound, before being used, is subject to the strictest chemical tests, and its genuineness ascertained before being used.

Bull's Sarsaparilla also contains the virtues of several other valuable medical roots, together forming the best compound, and producing the

Greatest Curative Agent in the known World!

This medicine, when used according to directions,

WILL CURE, WITHOUT FAIL—

Scrofula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring worm or Tetters, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, old Sores and Ulcers Swelling of the Glands, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility Dropsy, Lumbago, Jaundice, Costiveness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Weakness of the Chest, Pulmonary Affections, and all other Diseases tending to produce Consumption, Liver Complaint, Female Irregularities and Complaints, Sick and Nervous Headache, Low Spirits Night Sweats, Exposure or Imprudence in Life, Chronic Constitutional Diseases; and is a Spring and Summer Drink, and General Tonic for the System, and a Gentle and Pleasant Purgative, far superior to Blue, Lick or Congress Water, Salts, or Seidlitz Powders.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

The truly wonderful and remarkable cures that have come under our immediate observation, have more than convinced us that Doctor Bull is a GREAT MAN, and that his Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla is the most valuable combination of vegetable extracts that the science of chemistry has yet produced. All success to the Doctor, in his new enterprise, say we.—*Louisville Courier.*

We agree with our neighbor of the Courier, that Doctor Bull is a great man, and his Sarsaparilla a GREATER MEDICINE; and we are fully convinced that the Doctor with his Sarsapari la, will create a far more enthusiastic excitement East, than Barnum did with Jenny Lind. We would not have our readers to understand us as classing the Doctor and his Sarsaparilla with Barnum and Jenny Lind, because all who spend their dollar for a bottle of Bull's Sarsaparilla will get its equivalent; and we have heard it fully hinted, that many after hearing the divine Jenny, and finding their pockets minus from ten to twenty dollars, thought it was paying pretty dear for the whistle. One objection we have to Bull's Sarsaparilla, and ONLY ONE—it is so exceedingly pleasant to the taste, and invigorating to the system, that, once in the habit of using it, it is equal to smoking fine regalias, chewing Langhorne's best, or drinking Walker's mint juleps—you CAN'T QUIT IT.—*Louisville Democrat.*

The above complimentary notices from the editors of of the Louisville Courier, and Democrat, were endorsed by Geo. D. Prentice, Esq., the distinguished editor of the Louisville Journal, in the following flattering notice:

There is no doubt in the mind of the editors of Doctor Bull, and the excellence of his Sarsaparilla. Some of the most scientific physicians in the city have applauded the Sarsaparilla; and what is a great deal better, the million applaud it, too. It is having a tremendous run. The celebrated Jayne has from the profits of his medicine, built a granite palace in Philadelphia, seven stories high, and Dr. Bull if he chooses, can very soon build one twice as high as that. It is, we are told, very difficult for him to walk through our streets at all for, he finds himself arrested, at every step, by grateful men and women, many of whom have traveled from great distances to look upon their benefactor, and to bless him for their wonderful restoration to health. The Doctor, with all his extraordinary merit, is very modest and retiring; yet, we trust that the Eastern cities will, in justice to themselves, give a fitting reception to the distinguished man who has made as glorious a campaign against human disease as Gen. Scott made against the Mexicans.

NOTICE TO FEMALES.

John Bull's Sarsaparilla is one of the greatest female medicines now in existence. In those numerous cases where the constitution is debilitated, the nervous energy is lessened, when the efforts of nature are weak and deficient, or are profuse and overwrought, when the face is pale and colorless, the strength feeble and yielding, the mind troubled and depressed, the health broken, mind shaken, and, consequently, the happiness destroyed; then Bull's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign remedy. It assists Nature in the performance of her duty, braces the whole system, renews permanently the natural energies, removes obstructions, checks excesses, creates pure and healthy blood, and imparts health and happiness. Were ladies, generally, to adopt the use of this medicine, we would see far less suffering, disease and unhappiness, among them, than now exists; health would take the place of disease, the rosy cheek would succeed the pallid face; we should have smiles instead of tears, and perhaps a happy long life, instead of one cut short by disease, or made miserable by continous suffering and affliction, at that critical period called the "turn of life," which is often attended with so much danger Bull's Sarsaparilla is found to exert a most beneficial effect. All ladies approaching this crisis, should be apprised of this fact, and avail themselves of this valuable medicine.

A BEAUTIFUL CLEAR SKIN.

How we all admire a clear, beautiful, white skin and a rosy colored cheek! How often do we see persons not possessing this desideratum, "so devoutly to be wished," resorting to cosmetics, lotions, washes, paints, and coloring materials, to restore them to a semblance of what disease has deprived them of, and that too, with great injury to the skin. Bull's Sarsaparilla is the best cosmetic known. It beautifies the skin by removing every particle of morbid and diseased matter from the blood, making it pure, healthy and vigorous, giving activity to every minute vessel, and changing the yellow and dark countenance to the bloom and freshness of youth. Ladies, abandon the use of paints and mixtures and use Bull's Sarsaparilla, the only effectual remedy. "A word to the wise is sufficient," and a hint is enough for the ladies.

We earnestly invite all persons who are suffering with any of "the ills that flesh is heir to," to call on Dr. John Bull's Agent, and get a copy of Bull's Family Journal, GRATIS; and for the sake of humanity, we hope that a single individual will not be found, unwilling to give Bull's Sarsaparilla a TRIAL, after reading, and recollecting, at the same time, that it is impossible for the Doctor to publish the tenth part of the number of certificates of astounding cures performed by his Sarsaparilla. The amount of testimony voluntarily showered on Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla, from well known and distinguished individuals, both in public and private life, has been perfectly overwhelming.

☞ Dr. John Bull's Principal Office: West side Fifth street, first door below Main, Louisville, Ky.

Sold in Chesterville by

A. P. WYLIE.

Aug. 25 34 1y

No Flummery!

ALL DEAD REALITY!!

AND the facts can be made apparent by calling at the store of Chisholme & Carroll, where you can buy at first cost and no mistake, Prints of all qualities; Muslin for dresses; Embroidered do.; Jaconet & Swiss, do.; Ginghams, at all prices; Ribbons, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c.; Gentlemens Wear of all descriptions and prices; Black Drab'd Etc; Linen Drill;

A quantity of fancy Cotton Goods, suitable for the season; together with many other goods usually kept in the Stores, such as Medicines, Hats, Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Saddlery, &c.

JNO. L. CARROLL.

Near Chester Depot.

May 10 20 tf

No Hoax.

THE subscriber having a considerable quantity of goods of all kinds, left on hand from his Store in York District, has concluded to sell them at their cost in Charleston, rather than expose them at public auction. The ladies will do well to call at the Store of Messrs. Chisholme & Carroll, where they can buy Muslins, Tissues, Jaconets, Cambrics, Prints, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Ribbands, &c. Also, Gentlemens Wear of all kinds, at first cost, and no mistake.

J. L. CARROLL.

April 21 16 tf

Carter's Spanish Mixture

The Great Purifier of the Blood.

NOT A PARTICLE OF MERCURY IN IT.

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

THIS valuable Medicine, which has become celebrated for the number of extraordinary cures effected through its agency, has induced the proprietors, at the urgent request of their friends, to offer it to the public, which they do with the utmost confidence in its virtues and wonderful curative properties. The following certificates, selected from a large number, are, however, stronger testimony than the mere word of the proprietors; and are all from gentlemen well known in their localities, and of the highest respectability, many of them residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia.

P. BOYDEN, Esq. of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, known every where, says he has seen the Medicine called "Carter's Spanish Mixture," administered in over a hundred cases, in nearly all of the diseases for which it is recommended, with the most astonishingly good results. He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen.

AGUE AND FEVER—GREAT CURE.—I hereby certify, that for three years I had Ague and Fever of the most violent description. I had several Physicians took large quantities of Quinine, Mercury, and I believe all the Tonics advertised, but all without any permanent relief. At last I tried "Carter's Spanish Mixture," two bottles of which effectually cured me, and I am happy to say I have had neither Chills or Fevers since. I consider it the best Tonic in the world, and the only medicine that ever reached my case.

JOHN LONGDEN.

Beaver Dam, near Richmond, Va.

C. B. Luck, Esq., now in the city of Richmond, and for many years in the Post Office, has such confidence in the astonishing efficacy of "Carter's Spanish Mixture," that he has bought upwards of 50 bottles, which he has given away to the afflicted. Mr. Luck says he has never known it to fail when taken according to directions.

Dr. MINOR, a practising Physician, and formerly of the City Hotel, in the city of Richmond, says he has witnessed in a number of instances, the effects of "Carter's Spanish Mixture," which were most truly surprising. He says in a case of Consumption, dependent on the Liver, the good effects were wonderful indeed.

SAMUEL M. DRINKER, of the firm of Drinker & Morris, Richmond, was cured of Liver Complaint of 8 years standing, by the use of two bottles of "Carter's Spanish Mixture."

GREAT CURE OF SCROFULA.—The Editors of the Richmond Republican had a servant employed in their press room, cured of violent Scrofula, combined with Rheumatism, which entirely disabled him from work. Two bottles of "Carter's Spanish Mixture," made a perfect cure of him, and the Editors in a public notice, say they "cheerfully recommend it to all who are afflicted with any disease of the blood."

STILL ANOTHER CURE OF SCROFULA.—I had a very valuable boy cured of Scrofula by "Carter's Spanish Mixture." I consider it truly a valuable medicine.

J. M. TAYLOR,

Conductor on the R. F. & P. R. R. Co. Richmond.

Salt Rheum of 20 Years Standing Cured.

Mr. JOHN THOMPSON, residing in the city of Richmond, was cured by three bottles of "Carter's Spanish Mixture," of Salt Rheum, which he had nearly 20 years, and which all the physicians of the city could not cure. Mr. Thompson is a well known merchant in the city of Richmond, Va., and his cure is most remarkable.

WM. A. MATTHEWS, of Richmond, had a servant cured of Syphilis, in the worst form, by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He says he cheerfully recommends it, and considers it an invaluable medicine.

RICHARD E. WEST, of Richmond, was cured of Scrofula, and what Physicians called confirmed Consumption by three bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture.

EDWIN BURTON, Commissioner of the Revenue, says he has seen the good effects of Carter's Spanish Mixture in a number of Syphilitic cases, and says it is a perfect cure for that horrible disease.

WM. G. HAYWOOD, of Richmond, cured of Old Sores and Ulcers, which disabled him from walking. Took a few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, and was enabled to walk without a crutch, in a short time permanently cured.

Principal Depots at M. Ward, Closz & Co., No. 83, Maiden Lane, New York.

T. W. Dyott & Sons, No. 132, North 2d street, Philadelphia.

Bennett & Beers, No. 125, Main st., Richmond

And for sale by Haviland, Harrall & Co., and P. M. Cohen & Co., Charleston, S. C.; by

A. P. WYLIE,

Chester C. H., S. C.

And by Druggists and Country Merchants generally.

☞ Price $1.00 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.00.

July 14 30 1y

Jew David's Hebrew Plaster.

THE great remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Pain in the side, Hip, Back, Limbs and Joints, Scrofula, King's Evil, White Swelling, Hard Tumors, Stiff Joints and all fixed pains whatever.

Where this Plaster is applied, Pain cannot exist. It has been beneficial in cases of weakness, such as Pain and Weakness in the Stomach, Weak Limbs, Lameness, Affection of the Lungs in their primary stages. It destroys Inflammation by perspiration.

The following commendation is from an agent residing at Trenton, Tennessee:

Trenton, Gibson Co., Tennessee, Nov. 7, '48.

Messrs. SCOVIL & MEAD—Gentlemen: The Hebrew Plaster is becoming popular in this section.—There is a lady in this county who says she would not be without this Plaster for five hundred dollars a year. She was afflicted for some time, with an enlargement of the spleen, which gave her a great deal of pain.—The swelling and pain had extended up nearly to the armpit, and occasionly she could scarcely breathe. She was confined for a considerable time, during which she was attended by some of our best physicians, but they gave her no relief. She procured a box of the Hebrew Plaster, and it relieved her almost immediately, and now she keeps a supply of it on hand constantly. These facts you are at liberty to use as you think proper—they are substantially true.

Respectfully, yours, &c.,

E & E. J. WELLS.

Beware of counterfeits and base imitations. Dealers and purchasers generally are cautioned against buying of any but our regular agents; otherwise they will be imposed upon with a worthless article, as many base counterfeits of this Plaster are in existence.

REMEMBER!

The genuine is sold only by us, and our advertised Agents throughout the South. No Pedlar is allowed to sell it. In future the genuine will have the signature of E. TAYLOR on the now steel-plate engraved label on the top of each box; to counterfeit which will be prosecuted as forgery.

SCOVIL & MEAD,

111 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Sole General Agents for the Southern States, to whom all orders and applications for agencies must be addressed. Sold by

A. P. WYLIE,

Druggist, Chester, S. C.

And by one agent in every town in the South.

M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS

Have now become the great Specific for Hepatic or derangement of the liver, in its most complicated forms. This medicine has done an immense amount of good in curing this fearful disease, so common throughout the United States, and as evidence of its efficacy, we will state that it is superseding every other remedy. The demand for this certain cure is unprecedented. Orders for it are coming in from all quarters, and every mail brings something of the following tenor:

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio, Jan. 1851.

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co.—We are nearly out of M'Lane's Pills. It would be well to keep us supplied, as there is a great demand for them in our place.

COFFEE & CLARK.

This valuable medicine may be had at

A. P. WYLIE'S,

Druggist, Chester, S. C.

M'LANE'S WORM VERMIFUGE.

The following order shows at once the demand for and the excellence of this great medicine. Certificates have been so multiplied in favor of this Vermifuge, that we consider it unnecessary to add any more.

BROWNVILLE, Ind. June 3, 1851.

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co.—Your agent, when here, left with us 12 dozen bottles M'Lane's Vermifuge, which is nearly all sold. Please send quickly 12 dozen more, as we do not want to get out of it; for we consider it the best Vermifuge ever used in this part of the country. C. P. & R. HUTCHINS.

Sold by A. P. WYLIE, Druggist, Chester, S. C.

Also by W. A. Mosley & Co., Winnsboro'.

" Rascoe & Milburn, Blairsville.

" Bonnett & Withers, Yorkville.

May 5 18

THE ROAD TO HEALTH!

Holloway's Pills,

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND BAD DIGESTION.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7 Prescot-street, Liverpool, dated 8th June, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY:

Sir,—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our side list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any enquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the virus took the state of severe shivering, and the inflammation set in so severely, that doubts were entertained of her not being able to bear up under it. Fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three Boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but a think these speaks much in favor of your celebrated Pills.

Signed, R. W. KIRKUS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF RHEUMATIC FEVER IN VAN DIEMAN'S LAND.

Copy of a letter inserted in the Hobart Town Courier, of the 1st March, 1851, by Major T. Welch.

Margaret M'Cunnigan, nineteen years of age, residing at New Town, had been suffering from a violent rheumatic fever for upwards of ten months, which had entirely deprived her of the use of her limbs; during this period she was under the care of the most eminent medical men in Hobart Town, and by them her case was considered hopeless. A friend persuaded her to try Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which she consented to do, and in an incredibly short space of time they effected a perfect cure.

CURE OF A PAIN AND TIGHTNESS IN THE CHEST AND STOMACH OF A PERSON 84 YEARS OF AGE.

From Messrs. Thew & Son, Proprietors of the Leeds Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.—August 2d, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Holloway's Pills. For some years I suffered severely from a pain and tightness in the stomach and chest, also accompanied by shortness of breath, which prevented me from walking about as I used to do, and not withstanding my advanced state of life (84 years), these pills have so relieved me that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means, comparatively active, and can take exercise without inconvenience or pain, which I could not do before.

Signed, HENRY COX, Nocton, Lincolnshire.

WONDERFUL EFFICACY OF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS IN CASES OF DROPSY.

Persons suffering from dropsy, without loss of time, or of other similar symptoms, should immediately have recourse to these Pills, and ointment, which will generally succeed, by their means, in checking the disease in its different stages, when all other means have failed.

These celebrated Pills are confidently recommended in the following complaints:

Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, or King's Evil, Stone and Gravel, Secondary Symptoms, Sore Throats, Tic Douloureux, Tumors, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness, from whatever cause it may arise.

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire and of them in the United States. In boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. each. Wholesale by Messrs. Sutton, Bow Churchyard, and by Messrs. A. & R. Duncan, Glasgow.

☞ There is a considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to the box.

For sale by P. M. COHEN & CO., Agents, 29 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C.

☞ Sold by A. P. WYLIE, Chester, S. C.

March 16 11 1y

LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA,

Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach;

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Flattering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choaking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of evil, and Great Depression of Spirits,

CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

DR. HOOFLAND'S

Celebrated German Bitters,

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

No. 120 Arch street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is generally acknowledged by some of the most eminent Physicians in Boston, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, without fail, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

The "Philadelphia Saturday Gazette," says of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters:

"It is seldom that we recommend what are termed Patent Medicines, to the confidence and patronage of our readers; and then only when we recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, we wish it to be distinctly understood that we are not now speaking of the thousand of the day, that are noised about for a brief period and anon forgotten after they have done their guilty race of mischief, but of a medicine long established, universally prized, and which has met the hearty approval of the faculty itself."

"SCOTT'S WEEKLY," said, Aug. 23:—

"DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, manufactured by Dr. Jackson, are now recommended by some of the most prominent members of the faculty as a tonic of much efficacy in cases of female complaints, and of debilitated constitutions who find the ordinary stimulants to their health, as well as those who require the salutary effect that bark and wine produce."

MORE EVIDENCE.

J. G. Moore, Esq., of the Daily News, said, October 31st:—

"DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—We are trying this renowned medicine for a stubborn case of the bowels, and we are pleased with its effects. It is a fine tonic, and we learn from the advertisement, it has carried many a sufferer from the grave. We have proved its worth from years of almost constant use of it ourselves."

Hon. C. D. Hinsdale, Mayor of the City of Camden, N. J., says:

"HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—We have seen many flattering notices of this medicine and of its wonderful cures, and from what we have seen of its operations, its medicinal properties were recommended to us, and what we say we found to correspond with the worst diseases of the liver and digestive organs, and the powerful influence it exerts in counteracting prostration is really surprising. It calms and strengthens the nerves, bringing them into a state of repose, making sleep refreshing.

If this medicine were more generally known, and sufficiently used, it would be found a blessing to many such persons as have nervous system, the symptoms of mad and imaginary diseases, and would restore them to a healthy condition and you may judge of our opinion of its qualities generally. This statement we would advise our friends, who are in all probability going to give a trial—it will not disappoint them. We have, in fact, been in every family where it has been used, and the result has been the same in all cases."

For sale at the principal Drug Stores throughout the United States, Canada, and the West Indies.

THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No. 120 Arch street, one door above Seventh, Philadelphia, and by respectable dealers throughout the country.

☞ Sold in Chesterville by

A. P. WYLIE.

And by Druggists and Dealers in Medicines everywhere.

June 9 24 1y